CHAPTER IV

THE OVERVIEW OF WEST KOTAWARINGIN REGENCY

A. South Arut Subdistrict Overview

1. Location

West Kotawaringin Regency which the capital is Pangkalan Bun, residing in Central Kalimantan Regency. Bounded by three neighbour regency that is, northside with Lamandau Regency, eastside with Seruyan Regency, westside with Sukamara Regency, and southside abut on direct with Java Sea.

The area of South Arut Subdistrict are 2,400 km² or 22,31 percent or the total area of West Kotawaringin Regency. South Arut Subdistrict is one of the subdistricts area located in West Kotawaringin Regency with Pangkalan Bun as capital. Most areas in South Arut Subdistrict located in the plains and little are in coastal areas.

South Arut Subdistrict consists of seven village namely: Mendawai, Mendawai Sebrang, Raja, Sidorejo, Madurejo, Baru and Raja Sebrang. And thirteen villages namely: Tanjung Putri, Kumpai Batu Bawah, Kumpai Batu Atas, Pasir Panjang, Rangda, Kenambui, Runtu, Umpang, Natai Raya, Medang Sari, Natai Baru, Tanjung Terantang and Sulung. South Arut Subdistrict has a total area of 2,400 km² with boundaries as follows:

East : Kumai, Pangkalan Lada and Pangkalan Banteng
West : South Arut
North : Bordering North Arut
South : Adjacent to Kumai and Java Sea

2. Finance Overview of South Arut Subdistrict

The increasing of economic growth, positive impact on the South Arut Subdistrict as the economy and the government in West Kotawaringin Regency.

Changes in the price of basket of goods and services sold in the market called inflation. Inflation linked to the economic stability, where the rise and fall of inflation figures illustrate the extent to economic turmoil in a region at the same time how much influence on the purchasing power of the society.

The development of prices of some commodities in West Kotawaringin Regency for the year 2015 showed fluctuating numbers. Some commodities that often contributes to inflation in West Kotawaringin Regency, among others: chicken meat, eggs, cayenne pepper, red onion, all kinds of fish, gold jewelry, etc.
3. Map of South Arut Subdistrict

Picture 4.1
Map of South Arut Subdistrict
B. Tanjung Putri Village Overview

1. Location

   Tanjung Putri Village located in west side of subdistrict capital that is integral side from West Kotawaringin Regency geographically. The distance from subdistrict capital is more less 35 km and also from regency capital is more less 35 km, whereas from province capital is more less 451 km, with area border below:

   North : SM Lamandau/ Mendawai Village, South Arut Subdistrict
   East  : Terantang Village, South Arut Subdistrict
   South : Sembuai Village, Kumai Subdistrict
   West  : Sei.Pasir Village, Pantai Lunci Subdistrict, Sukamara Regency

2. Territorial

   Consist of one village and four RT (Neighborhood Association), as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Village Name</th>
<th>Amount of RW</th>
<th>Amount of RT</th>
<th>RT Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Pendulangan Village (Dusun)</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>RT.01, 02, 03, 04</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   Source: BPS 2015
3. **Natural Appearance**

   Based on the location, Tanjung Putri Village consists of two side because separated by arut river. In the east, the topography is flat rather oblique that consist of rice field, garden, and settlements. Whereas in the west side consists of fishpond shrimp and fish.

   The daily livelihoods of Tanjung Putri Village communities are fishermen, grow a garden, farming, farm workers, livestock, buildings labor, trade and others. Considering the circumstances village area of Tanjung Putri village are on the riverbanks and close to the sea, the people are generally highly dependent on the sea.

   The society has been able to manage agricultural land to grow rice using simple and conventional manner generally. Yields have not fully find a price comparable to the job. The main obstacle is the price fluctuations and attacks rice plants such as planthoppers, inger, sundep, rats and others.

   The distance to the district capitals as far as more less 35 km to the traveled time about 1-2 hours. The trip to the Tanjung Putri Village in part is good because it has been repaired in 2014, but has not been fully able to reach up to the rest of the village, so people are still difficulties in transporting agricultural and marine products to the district capital.

   The flow of electricity is not completely come into Tanjung Putri Village area, but this village is one of the oldest villages in West Kotawaringin Regency. In compliance with the times, the villagers used
to use a cape daughter traction generator using solar power to run
electricity.

Just got four months ago the flow of clean water from PDAM into the
territory of Tanjung Putri Village. Where previously they had trouble
in finding clean water. Although the flow of clean water from PDAM still
occasionally come and gone, but it has started quite help alleviate the
society in finding the clean water.

In education sectors, there is one kindergarten, one elementary
school and one junior high school. So if want to continue school to high
school, must be migrated to the district capital. There is no non-bank
financial institutions yet in the Tanjung Putri Village, as like as
cooperative village.

C. Respondent Characteristic

This research was conducted in remote areas, in the Ranjung Putri
Village on January 2017. In taking samples of questionnaires, researcher
used random sampling method, that everyone in the population has an
opportunity and same freedom to be selected as a sample. In taking
samples, the researcher used the Slovin formula, calculated as follows:

\[ n = \frac{965}{1 + (965)(0,1)^2} \]

\[ n = \frac{965}{9,66} \]

\[ n = 99.89 \]
Based on the calculation above becomes the minimum limit of the number of samples in this research. Then the number of samples for the questionnaire respondents in this research is 99.89 rounded to 100 people.

But in taking the sample to be the respondent of in-depth interview, the researcher used purposive sampling method, that is choosen based on the criteria or purpose of the study. In this study, the criteria for depth-interview respondents are; village head and a teacher. Then, the following data obtained from respondents:

**Table 4.2**
**Respondent Based on Age and Gender**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Amount (person)</th>
<th>Percentage (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Male</td>
<td>Female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;30</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 – 40</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41 – 50</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;50</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: data developed by the researcher

Based on the table above, the percentage of male is higher than female, with ratio 70:30. Most of age is in age less than 30 years old.

**Table 4.3**
**Respondent Based on Income per-Month**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income per-Month</th>
<th>Amount (person)</th>
<th>Percentage (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;1.000.000</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.000.000 – 3.000.000</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.000.000 – 5.000.000</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.000.000 – 7.000.000</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;7.000.000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: data developed by the researcher
Based on the table above, the average income of society in Tanjung Putri Village is 1,000,000 – 3,000,000, with the percentage is 63% or more than a half of respondent total.

**Table 4.4**

**Respondent Based on Education Background**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education Background</th>
<th>Amount (person)</th>
<th>Percentage (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SD</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMP</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMA</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor (S1)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postgraduate (S2 / S3)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: data developed by the researcher

Based on the table above, the average of education background of Tanjung Putri Village society is elementary school with the percentage 67% or more than a half of respondent total.