Comparing Cross-Sectoral Governance in Managing Post-Disaster in Indonesia *1)

The case Study of Way Ela Dam bursts, Forest Fire in Sumatera, Kelud and Merapi Volcano Eruption and Acheh’s Tsunami

Achmad Nurmandi, Zuly Qodir, Eko Priyo Purnomo and Isnaini Muallidin

JK School of Government, Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta

Email: nurmandi_achmad@ymail.com

ABSTRACT

The cross-sector governance or interorganizational network in the emergency and post disaster stage is new area of study in public administration. As a vulnerable state, Indonesia has been trying to set up a cross-sectoral governance in dealing with disaster since 2007. By reviewing the documentary data of previous disaster, we try to compare the cross sectoral governance in managing the disaster victims. We found that Indonesia government implemented cross sectoral disaster governance in Achheh, Merapi and Kelud Volcano, and Way Ela Dam burst. The different disaster were happened in al around Indonesia created the different new model cross sectoral governance.

Keywords: governance, cross sectoral governance, emergency, disaster.

Introduction

With 17,000 islands and over 80,000 kilometers of coast, Indonesia is vulnerable to sea-level rise and myriad natural disasters. Floods are the most the common hazard, but the unpredictability and wide-spread devastation caused by earthquakes, tsunamis and volcanic eruptions make geological disasters much more threatening (www.giveasia.org). The World Bank has estimated that 40 percent of the country’s population, or around 90 million people, are vulnerable to disasters.

On December 26 December 2004 earthquake occurred at 00:58:53 with an epicentre off the west coast of Sumatra, Indonesia. The event is known by the scientific community as the Sumatra–Andaman earthquake. An then, the May 2006 Java earthquake occurred at 05:54 local time on 27 May on the southern coast of the island of Java, around 20 km (12 mi) south-southeast of the Indonesian city of Yogyakarta.

Way Ela is a natural dam made in July 13, 2012 because of landslides that closed river stream in Negeri Lima village, Leyhitu sub-district, Central Maluku district, Maluku