

LAMPIRAN







Nilai dari uji kekerasan

- a. Perhitungan dari Raw material

Titik 1 :

Diketahui : P = 200 gf = 0,2 kgf

$$d = 29,5 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{VHN} &= \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000} \\ &= \frac{1,8540 \times 0,2}{29,5^2/1000} \\ &= \frac{1,8540 \times 0,2}{0,0295^2} \\ &= \frac{0,3708}{0,00087025} \\ &= 426,1 \text{ VHN} \end{aligned}$$

Titik 2 :

Diketahui : P = 200 gf = 0,2 kgf

$$d = 30,25 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{VHN} &= \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000} \\ &= \frac{1,8540 \times 0,2}{30,25^2/1000} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{0,03025^2}$$

$$= \frac{0.3708}{0,00091506}$$

$$= 405.2 \text{ VHN}$$

Titik 3 :

Diketahui : P = 200 gf = 0.2 kgf

$$d = 31,5 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

$$\text{VHN} = \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000}$$

$$= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{31,5^2/1000}$$

$$= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{0,0315^2}$$

$$= \frac{0.3708}{0,00099225}$$

$$= 373,7 \text{ VHN}$$

b. Perhitungan dari quenching

Titik 1 :

Diketahui : P = 200 gf = 0.2 kgf

$$d = 28 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{VHN} &= \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000} \\
&= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{28^2/1000} \\
&= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{0.028^2} \\
&= \frac{0.3708}{0,000784} \\
&= 472.9 \text{ VHN}
\end{aligned}$$

Titik 2 :

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf} = 0.2 \text{ kgf}$

$$d = 27 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{VHN} &= \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000} \\
&= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{27^2/1000} \\
&= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{0,027^2} \\
&= \frac{0.3708}{0,000729} \\
&= 508,6 \text{ VHN}
\end{aligned}$$

Titik 3 :

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf} = 0.2 \text{ kgf}$

$$d = 28 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{VHN} &= \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000} \\ &= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{28^2/1000} \\ &= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{0,028^2} \\ &= \frac{0.3708}{0,000784} \\ &= 472.9 \text{ VHN} \end{aligned}$$

c. Perhitungan dari Tempering

Titik 1 :

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf} = 0.2 \text{ kgf}$

$$d = 32,5 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{VHN} &= \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000} \\ &= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{32,5^2/1000} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{0,0325^2}$$

$$= \frac{0,3708}{0.00105625}$$

$$= 351.1 \text{ VHN}$$

Titik 2 :

Diketahui : P = 200 gf = 0.2 kgf

$$d = 31,5 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\text{VHN} = \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000}$$

$$= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{3,15^2/1000}$$

$$= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{0,0315^2}$$

$$= \frac{0,3708}{0.00099225}$$

$$= 373,7 \text{ VHN}$$

Titik 3 :

Diketahui : P = 200 gf = 0.2 kgf

$$d = 33,5 \mu\text{m}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{VHN} &= \frac{1,8540 \times P}{d^2/1000} \\
&= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{33,5^2/1000} \\
&= \frac{1,8540 \times 0.2}{0.0335^2} \\
&= \frac{0,3708}{0.00112225} \\
&= 330,4 \text{ VHN}
\end{aligned}$$

Nilai dari uji keausan

1. Raw material

Diketahui :

$$B = 3 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 1,05 \text{ mm}$$

$$r = 15 \text{ mm}$$

$$w = \frac{B \cdot b^3}{12 \cdot r}$$

$$w = \frac{3 \cdot 1,05^3}{12 \cdot 15}$$

$$w = \frac{3,473}{180}$$

$$w = 0.0193 \text{ mm}^3$$

2. Quenching

Diketahui :

$$B = 3 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 0.42 \text{ mm}$$

$$r = 15 \text{ mm}$$

$$w = \frac{B \cdot b^3}{12 \cdot r}$$

$$w = \frac{3 \cdot 0,42^3}{12 \cdot 15}$$

$$w = \frac{0,222}{180}$$

$$w = 0,0012 \text{ mm}^3$$

3. Tempering

Diketahui :

$$B = 3 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 0.63 \text{ mm}$$

$$r = 15 \text{ mm}$$

$$w = \frac{B \cdot b^3}{12 \cdot r}$$

$$w = \frac{3 \cdot 0,63^3}{12 \cdot 15}$$

$$w = \frac{0,750}{180}$$

$$w = 0,0042 \text{ mm}^3$$