CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGESSTION

A. Conclusion

- Many provisions in CEDAW and UUPKDRT that regulate the protection
 of women as victims of domestic violence are not maximized in protecting
 women because of an imbalance between the rules CEDAW and
 UUPKDRT and lack of gender understanding have added imperfection
 provisions made to protect women as victims of domestic violence.
- 2. In the effectiveness of CEDAW and Law Number 23 of 2004 are not effective in efforts to eliminate violence against women in the household and the elimination of discrimination. CEDAW and Law Number 23of 2004 will fall into an effective if the violence against women can be reduced; these factors affect the rule of law, officers or law enforcement, advice and facilities, public awareness. From several cases, it is noted that the efforts to eliminate domestic violence is an effort that involves many parties and requires consistent law enforcement.

B. Suggestion

- It does need to review more gender-sensitive UUPKDRT such as criminalization of an act, the nature of crime complaints on some criminal acts, the inclusion of minimum and maximum limits and the nature of alternative and / or accumulative.
- 2. For the society, especially to woman, it is better to be more courageous in reporting cases if they experienced an act of violence.