

LAMPIRAN 1

Analisis dengan Metode Analitik (Teori Stokley)

$$f_n = \frac{\kappa^2}{2\pi L^2} \sqrt{\frac{EI}{m}} \sqrt{1 \pm \frac{FL^2}{EI\pi^2 n^2}}$$

$$f_n = \frac{3.146^2}{2 \times 3.14 \times 1^2} \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 10^{11} \times 1,98 \times 10^{-8}}{3.882}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1020 \times 1^2}{2 \times 10^{11} \times 1,98 \times 10^{-8} \times 3.14^2 \times 1^2}}$$

$$= 50,48 \text{ Hz (Tarik)}$$

$$f_n = \frac{3.146^2}{2 \times 3.14 \times 1^2} \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 10^{11} \times 1,98 \times 10^{-8}}{3.882}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1020 \times 1^2}{2 \times 10^{11} \times 1,98 \times 10^{-8} \times 3.14^2 \times 1^2}}$$

$$= 49,16 \text{ Hz (Tekan)}$$

Keterangan :

F_n = Frekuensi alami (Hz)

K = Koefisien untuk kondisi batas sendi-sendu

L = Panjang benda uji (m)

E = Modulus Elastisitas (N/mm^2)

I = Momen Inersia (m^4)

m = Massa persatuan meter (Kg/m)

F = Gaya yang diberikan (N)

n = Mode