

## ABSTRAK

Judul penelitian ini adalah Hubungan Motivasi dan Minat Siswa serta Perhatian Orang Tua dengan Pengamalan Shalat Lima Waktu Siswa Sekolah Menengah Pertama (SMP) se-Kecamatan Dlingo Bantul

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui apakah ada hubungan antara motivasi, minat siswa, dan perhatian orang tua serta variabel apa yang paling dominan berpengaruh terhadap pengamalan shalat lima waktu siswa Sekolah Menengah Pertama (SMP) se-Kecamatan Dlingo.

Subyek penelitian ini adalah siswa kelas 9 Sekolah Menengah Pertama baik negeri maupun swasta se-Kecamatan Dlingo, sementara itu sebagai sampel penelitian ini adalah 63 siswa kelas 9 (SMPN 1 Dlingo 45 siswa, SMPN 2 Dlingo 13 siswa, SMP Taman Dewasa 1 Dlingo 5 siswa). Metode yang digunakan untuk mengungkapkan hubungan antara variabel bebas dengan variabel tergantung menggunakan metode analisis korelasi parsial dan analisis korelasi product moment, serta untuk mencari variabel yang paling dominan mempengaruhi pengamalan shalat lima waktu menggunakan analisis regresi. Selanjutnya data yang diperoleh dianalisis menggunakan program SPSS for Window Versi 17.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa, berdasarkan analisis korelasi parsial diperoleh hasil bahwa motivasi memiliki hubungan yang sangat rendah, sementara itu berdasarkan analisis korelasi product moment diperoleh hasil motivasi memiliki hubungan yang cukup kuat dengan pengamalan shalat lima waktu. Berdasarkan analisis korelasi parsial maupun analisis korelasi product moment diperoleh hasil bahwa minat memiliki hubungan yang sangat rendah dengan pengamalan shalat lima waktu. Dan berdasarkan analisis korelasi parsial, diperoleh hasil bahwa perhatian orang tua tidak ada hubungan dengan pengamalan shalat lima waktu, sementara itu berdasarkan analisis korelasi product moment diperoleh hasil perhatian orang tua memiliki hubungan yang sangat rendah dengan pengamalan shalat lima waktu siswa SMP se-Kecamatan Dlingo.

Melalui analisis regresi diperoleh hasil bahwa motivasi memberikan pengaruh yang paling besar terhadap pengamalan shalat lima waktu yakni sebesar 17,47%, minat memberikan pengaruh sebesar 14,44%, sedangkan antara perhatian orang tua siswa terhadap shalat lima waktu hanya memberikan pengaruh sebesar 03,64%

**Kata-kata kunci :** motivasi, minat, perhatian orang tua, pengamalan shalat lima waktu.

## ABSTRAK

The title of this research is the relationship Interests Motivation and Attention Students and Parents in Five- Time Students practice prayer Junior High School (SMP) as Dlingo Bantul District.

This study aims to determine whether there is a relationship between motivation , student interest and attention of parents and what variables are the most dominant influence on the practice of praying five times a student Junior High School ( SMP ) as Dlingo District.

The subjects of this study were students in 9th grade junior high schools both public and private in Dlingo District , while the samples of this study were 63 students of 9th grade ( SMP 1 Dlingo 45 students , 13 students Dlingo 2 SMP , SMP Taman Dewasa 1 Dlingo 5 students ) . The method used to reveal the relationship between independent variables with dependent variables using partial correlation analysis method and product moment correlation analysis , as well as to find the most dominant variable affecting the practice of praying five times using regression analysis. Furthermore, the data obtained were analyzed using SPSS for Window Version 17.

The results showed that , based on partial correlation analysis result that motivations have a very low , while it is based on product moment correlation analysis results obtained sufficient motivation has a strong relationship with the practice of praying five times a day . Based on the analysis of partial correlation and product moment correlation analysis result that interest has a very low relationship with the practice of praying five times a day . And by partial correlation analysis , the result that no parental relationship in the practice of praying five times a day , while it is based on product moment correlation analysis results obtained concern parents have a very low relationship in the practice of praying five times aday of a student on junior high school student Dlingo District.

Through regression analysis gives the result that motivated have the greatest influence on the practice of praying five times a day which amounted to 17.47 % , giving the effect of interest 14.44 % , while the attention of parents to the five daily prayers only effect of 03.64 %.

Keywords : motivation, interest, parental attention, the practice of praying five times