

## INTISARI

### PENGARUH PENGETAHUAN DAN SIKAP PERAWAT TERHADAP PENATALAKSANAAN *PATIENT SAFETY* DI RUANG RAWAT INAP RS PKU MUHAMMADIYAH BANTUL

Ashar Isnaini, Arofiati Fitri

Fakultas Kedokteran dan Ilmu Kesehatan  
Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta

#### INTISARI

**Latar Belakang:** Keselamatan pasien (*patient safety*) merupakan suatu variabel untuk mengukur dan mengevaluasi kualitas pelayanan keperawatan yang berdampak terhadap pelayanan kesehatan. Program *patient safety* di RS PKU Muhammadiyah Bantul mulai berjalan dari tahun 2006 sampai sekarang. Perawat merupakan ujung tombak pelayanan kesehatan di rumah sakit. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui pengaruh pengetahuan dan sikap perawat tentang *patient safety* di ruang rawat inap RS PKU Muhammadiyah Bantul.

**Metode:** Jenis penelitian yang digunakan adalah *deskriptif korelasional* dengan pendekatan *cross-sectional*. Populasi semua perawat ruang rawat inap, dan sampel berjumlah 50 orang. Uji analisis menggunakan uji regresi linier berganda, uji F dan uji  $R^2$  (koefisien korelasi ganda).

**Hasil:** Diperoleh hasil koefisiensi regresi untuk variabel pengetahuan sebesar 0.043 dan untuk variabel sikap sebesar 0.020, sehingga kedua variabel secara terpisah mempunyai pengaruh terhadap penatalaksanaan *patient safety*. Nilai F hitung = 9.755 dengan signifikansi 0.000, nilai F tabel = 3.18, artinya kedua variabel bersama-sama mempunyai pengaruh terhadap penatalaksanaan *patient safety*. Hasil uji  $R^2 = 0.293$ , artinya sebesar 29,3% variabel pengetahuan dan persepsi perawat tentang *patient safety* mempengaruhi penatalaksanaan *patient safety*.

**Kesimpulan:** Pengetahuan dan sikap perawat tentang *patient safety* baik secara individu maupun bersama-sama mempunyai pengaruh terhadap penatalaksanaan *patient safety* di ruang rawat inap RS PKU Muhammadiyah Bantul. Hal ini akan berdampak pada kualitas pelayanan keperawatan khususnya dalam meningkatkan program *patient safety*.

**Kata kunci:** pengetahuan, sikap, perawat, *patient safety*

## *ABSTRACT*

### **THE INFLUENCE OF NURSE'S KNOWLEDGE AND ATTITUDE ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF PATIENT SAFETY PROGRAM IN THE WARDS OF PKU MUHAMMADIYAH BANTUL HOSPITAL**

**Background:** Patient safety is a variable to measure and evaluate quality of nursing care on health care. Patient safety program in PKU Muhammadiyah Bantul Hospital have gone since 2006 until now. Nurse is the main point of health care in hospital. The aims of this research were to examine the influence of nurse's knowledge and attitude about patient safety on the implementation of patient safety program in the wards PKU Muhammadiyah Bantul Hospital.

**Method:** This research used a correlation with cross-sectional method. The population consisted of all nurse in the wards with the number of samples were 50 respondents. The linier regression, F test and  $R^2$  test were used in this study.

**Result:** The result showed that regression coefficient of knowledge was 0.043 and the attitude was 0.020, that's mean both of variables have influence to the implementation of patient safety individually. The result of F test = 9.755, significant was 0.000, F table = 3.18, its mean both of variable have influence to the implementation of patient safety. The result of  $R^2$  test = 0.293, its mean that nurse's knowledge and attitude have influence as much as 29,3% to implementation of patient safety.

**Conclusion:** The nurse's knowledge and attitude have influence to implementation of patient safety in patient room PKU Muhammadiyah Bantul Hospital. It will implicate to the quality of nursing care especially to improve the patient safety program.

**Key word:** knowledge, attitude, nurse, patient safety