

INTISARI

Tujuan penelitian adalah menganalisis pengaruh kecerdasan majemuk dan lingkungan kerja terhadap pembentukan sikap profesional mahasiswa profesi keperawatan FKIK UMY di RS PKU Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta secara parsial maupun simultan. Penelitian ini adalah *Mixed methods* dengan menggabungkan metode kuantitatif dan kualitatif. Responden penelitian adalah total populasi sebanyak 47 orang. Instrumen penelitian adalah modifikasi kuesioner kecerdasan majemuk, lingkungan kerja, sikap profesional dan pedoman wawancara.

Hasil analisis statistik dengan uji t untuk kecerdasan majemuk diperoleh H_0 diterima dan lingkungan kerja diketahui H_0 ditolak. Hasil uji F diperoleh H_0 diterima. Hasil analisa kualitatif menunjukkan adanya pengaruh kecerdasan majemuk mahasiswa terhadap pembentukan sikap profesional dan lingkungan kerja RS PKU Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta sangat mempengaruhi pembentukan sikap profesional mahasiswa.

Kesimpulan penelitian adalah tidak ada pengaruh positif dan signifikan dari kecerdasan majemuk dan lingkungan kerja terhadap pembentukan sikap profesional mahasiswa, sedangkan dari hasil analisis kualitatif diketahui kecerdasan majemuk dan lingkungan kerja mempengaruhi pembentukan sikap profesional pada mahasiswa profesi keperawatan FKIK UMY di RS PKU Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta.

Kata kunci: sikap profesional, kecerdasan majemuk, lingkungan kerja.

ABSTRACT

The research aims at analyzing the influence of multiple intelligences and working environment on the establishment of professional attitude of nursing profession students of Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences of UMY at PKU Muhammadiyah Hospital of Yogyakarta both partially and simultaneously. The research employs mixed methods research by combining quantitative and qualitative methods. The respondents of the research are the total population with as many as 47 people. The research instrument was modified questionnaires of multiple intelligences, working environment, professional attitude and interview guides.

The results of the statistical analysis using t test show that for multiple intelligences, H_0 is accepted, while for working environment, H_0 is rejected. The result of F test shows that H_0 is accepted. The results of the qualitative analysis show that multiple intelligences of students affect the formation of professional attitude and working environment at PKU Muhammadiyah Hospital of Yogyakarta greatly affects professional attitude of students.

From the quantitative analysis on the one hand, it can be concluded that there is no positive and significant effect of multiple intelligences and working environment on the formation of professional attitudes of students. On the other hand, the results of the qualitative analysis show that multiple intelligences and working environment affect the formation of professional attitude of nursing profession students of Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences of UMY at PKU Muhammadiyah Hospital in Yogyakarta.

Keywords: professional attitude, multiple intelligences, working environment.