ABSTRACT

Brazil is a developing country that has one of the most rapid economic growths in this decade. As a country with an emerging market, it is natural for the government to create policies based on the development itself. Catering the interest of economic development, Brazil took a big step by creating an open immigration law proposal in 2013, which is called senator bill 288/2013. It was a stepping-stone for Brazil as an open country for the immigrants and refugees. Brazil did this to recruit high-qualified immigrants and boost its economy. However, two years before the ratification in May 2017. Brazil experienced a high inflow of immigration rate. This phenomenon brought series of problems in Brazil as Brazil plunged into the worst economic recession in its history. When the new immigration law was ratified and released in late 2017, the government decided to scrap sixteen critical articles and items within the proposal before ratification. Thus, defeating the purpose of open immigration law. The purpose of this research is to analyze the impact of high immigration inflow rate in Brazil to the shift of Brazil's new immigration before the ratification.

Keyword: Immigration, Brazil, New immigration policy, Overhaul, Veto