

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

The evolution of labor migration from Myanmar to Thailand which since the 1990s and continues until today. Myanmar migrant workers have increased due to root causes are clearly related to economic situation which they hard to find a job, fewer employment opportunities, low wages and political instability, human right abuses, and so on in their home country as a cause that drove many people to leave Myanmar and settle in Thailand.

Myanmar migrant workers can divide two main groups which are document migrant workers and undocumented migrant works but most Myanmar migrant workers migrate undocumented status because of document migration because of their migration took place without regard of the legal framework due to document migration from Myanmar is an expensive and cumbersome process. Thus, Thai employer can take this advantage of undocumented workers by forcing them to enter a trafficking activity, perhaps some Myanmar workers unaware that they will end up being trafficked, contagious disease, and HIV/AIDS, the children groups being victims of trafficking and force labor.

Meanwhile, it can be said that Myanmar workers as important for economic growth in Thailand and has implications or long-term competitiveness in the regional and global arena. It is agreed that Myanmar migrant workers contribute to Thailand's national output such as to produce and

process items or materials in export such as seafood, rice arms, and so on. In addition, it must be said Myanmar workers mainly unskilled and employed in primary employed in the sectors of fisheries-related, construction, agriculture-related and domestic work in order to solve the problem of shortage of labor in Thailand because of many factors include Thailand into aging society, and trends of Thai workers in selective choosing in jobs (dirty, dangerous, and difficult), employers do not have worry about being to hire sufficient numbers of workers for such jobs.

Thai government has attempted and implemented the policies and more explicit legal measures pertaining in order to control and manage Myanmar migrant workers to have a standard living in Thailand, safety life, and justified. The policies conducting national protection of Myanmar workers, and social welfares to provide the facility for Myanmar workers such as legal basis minimum wage, working hour or working conditions, migrant workers assistance center to assist migrant workers, health care services, and the right to education for migrant children. Moreover, the Thai government attempted to the partnership agreement with involving the organization in provides protection or Myanmar migrant workers in Thailand.