

## Lampiran

### PROGRAM

```
#include <SD.h>
#include <SPI.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <Adafruit_MLX90614.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
LiquidCrystal lcd(A3, A2, A1, 5, 6, 7);
#include <Wire.h>
#include "RTClib.h"

RTC_DS1307 rtc;
char namaHari[7][12] = {"Minggu", "Senin", "Selasa",
"Rabu", "Kamis", "Jumat", "Sabtu"};

Adafruit_MLX90614 mlx = Adafruit_MLX90614();

int t_memori = 3;
int t_scan = 2;
int t_lampu = 9;
int lamp = 8;
int buzz = 4;
int cs = 10;
int batt = A0;
File myFile;

float R1 = 100000;
float R2 = 10000;
int awal = 1;
int simpan = 0;
int x = 0;
float suhu, rawsuhu;
float value;
```

```
byte address;
byte alamat;
int ke = 1, to = 1;
float adcMin = 1.8;
float adcMax = 2.5;

void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    mlx.begin();
    lcd.begin(8, 2);

    pinMode(cs, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(buzz, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(lamp, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(t_memori, INPUT);
    pinMode(t_scan, INPUT);
    pinMode(t_lampu, INPUT);
    digitalWrite(t_memori, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(t_scan, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(t_lampu, HIGH);

    lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
    lcd.print("THERMO ");
    lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
    lcd.print("DIGITAL ");
    delay(2000);
    lcd.clear();

    lcd.print("Setup      ");
    lcd.setCursor(0,1);
    lcd.print("microSD   ");
    delay(2000);
    lcd.clear();
    if (!SD.begin(10)) {
        lcd.print("microSD ");
        lcd.setCursor(0,1);
        lcd.print("Gagal!   ");
        while(1);
    }
}
```

```
lcd.print("microSD    ");
lcd.setCursor(0,1);
lcd.print("Berhasil! ");

delay(2000);
lcd.clear();
}

void loop() {
    DateTime now = rtc.now();
    if (awal == 1) {
        int adcbatt = analogRead(batt);
        float vout = (adcbatt * 3.7) / 1023;
        float vin = vout / (R2/(R1+R2));
        int percent = map(vin, adcMin, adcMax, 10, 100);
        lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
        lcd.print("Bat ");
        lcd.print(percent);
        lcd.print("% ");
        lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
        lcd.print("Scan?   ");
        if (digitalRead(t_scan) == LOW) {
            while (!digitalRead(t_scan)) {
            }
            lcd.clear();
            lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
            lcd.print("Scanning");
            delay(1000);
            for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
                suhu = mlx.readObjectTempC();
                lcd.setCursor(i, 1);
                lcd.print(char(255));
                if (i == 0) {
                    digitalWrite(buzz, HIGH);
                    delay(100);
                    digitalWrite(buzz, LOW);
                }
            }
            if (i == 7) {
```

```
    digitalWrite(buzz, HIGH);

    delay(500);
    digitalWrite(buzz, LOW);
}
delay(1000);

lcd.clear();
delay(500);
if (suhu <= 31.9 || suhu >= 43) {
    lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
    lcd.print("Error! ");
}
else {
    lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
    lcd.print("Suhu : ");
    lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
    lcd.print(suhu, 1);
    lcd.print(char(223));
    lcd.print("C ");
}
digitalWrite(buzz, HIGH);
delay(100);
digitalWrite(buzz, LOW);
delay(1000);

lcd.clear();
awal = 0;
simpan = 1;
}

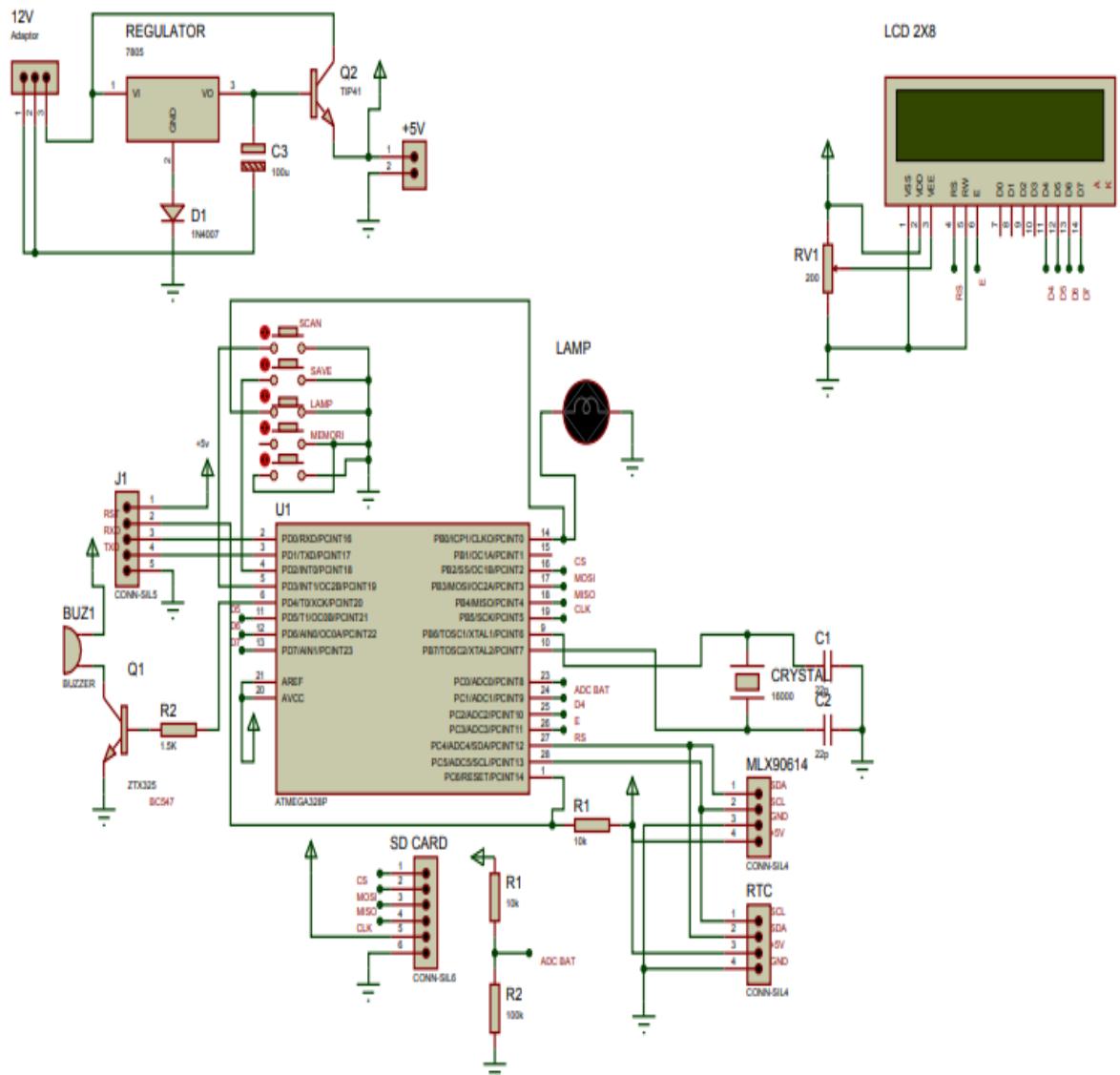
}

if (simpan == 1) {
    lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
    lcd.print("Simpan? ");
    lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
    lcd.print(suhu, 1);
    lcd.print(char(223));
    lcd.print("C ");
}
if (digitalRead(t_memori) == LOW) {
```

```
while (!digitalRead(t_memori)) {
    if (ke < 1000) {
        lcd.clear();
        delay(500);
        lcd.print("Data ");
        lcd.print(ke);
        lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
        lcd.print(suhu, 1);
        lcd.print(char(223));
        lcd.print("C ");
        myFile = SD.open("data.txt", FILE_WRITE);
        if (myFile) {
            myFile.print(namaHari[now.dayOfTheWeek()]);
            myFile.print(", ");
            myFile.print(now.day(), DEC);
            myFile.print('/');
            myFile.print(now.month(), DEC);
            myFile.print('/');
            myFile.print(now.year(), DEC);
            myFile.print(" ");
            myFile.print(now.hour(), DEC);
            myFile.print(':');
            myFile.print(now.minute(), DEC);
            myFile.print(':');
            myFile.print(now.second(), DEC);
            myFile.print(", ");
            myFile.print("Orang ");
            myFile.print(ke);
            myFile.print(" : ");
            myFile.print(suhu, 1);
            myFile.print("C ");
            if (suhu >= 32 && suhu <= 37.4) {
                myFile.println("(hipo)");
            }
            if (suhu >= 37.5 && suhu <= 37.9) {
                myFile.println("(normal)");
            }
            if (suhu >= 38 && suhu <= 42.9) {
                myFile.println("(hiper)");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
    myFile.close();
}
delay(2000);
ke = ke + 1;
}
else {
    lcd.clear();
    lcd.print("Data   ");
    lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
    lcd.print("Penuh!");
    address = 0;
    delay(2000);
    lcd.clear();
}
awal = 1;
simpan = 0;
}
if (digitalRead(t_scan) == LOW) {
    while (!digitalRead(t_scan)) {
    }
    awal = 1;
    simpan = 0;
    lcd.clear();
}
}
if (digitalRead(t_lampu) == LOW && x == 0) {
    while (!digitalRead(t_lampu)) {
    }
    digitalWrite(lamp, HIGH);
    x = 1;
}
if (digitalRead(t_lampu) == LOW && x == 1) {
    while (!digitalRead(t_lampu)) {
    }
    digitalWrite(lamp, LOW);
    x = 0;
}
Serial.println(mlx.readObjectTempC());
delay(200);
}
```

## RANGKAIAN



## PENGAMBILAN DATA



Suhu Ruang



Alat Pembanding



Pengambilan Data  
Dahi Responden



Pengambilan Data  
Telinga Kanan  
Responden



Pengambilan Data  
Telinga Kiri  
Responden



Pengambilan Data  
Dahi Responden

## PERHITUNGAN

### 1. Pengukuran pada anak-anak usia (0-12 tahun)

#### a. Telinga Kanan

##### ▪ Rata-rata suhu Thermometer Pembanding

$$Y' = 36.63$$

##### ▪ Rata-rata suhu alat

$$\begin{aligned} X' &= \frac{X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5 + \dots + X_{10}}{10} \\ &= \frac{36,7+36+36,9+36,7+36,1+36,2+36,4+36,4+36,4+36,3}{10} \\ &= 36,41 \end{aligned}$$

##### ▪ Standart Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} STDV &= \sqrt{\frac{(X_1 - X')^2 + (X_2 - X')^2 + (X_3 - X')^2 + \dots + (X_{10} - X')^2}{n - 1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(36,7 - 36,63)^2 + (36 - 36,63)^2 + (36,9 - 36,63)^2 + (36,7 - 36,63)^2 + (36,1 - 36,63)^2}{10 - 1}} \\ &\quad + (36,2 - 36,63)^2 + (36,4 - 36,63)^2 + (36,4 - 36,63)^2 + (36,4 - 36,63)^2 \\ &\quad + (36,3 - 36,63)^2 \\ &= 0.28 \end{aligned}$$

##### ▪ Persen Error

$$\begin{aligned} Error\% &= \frac{Y' - X'}{Y'} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{36,63 - 36,41}{36,63} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,6\% \end{aligned}$$

##### ▪ Ketidakpastian

$$Ua = \frac{STDEV}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$= 0,09$$

### b. Telinga Kiri

- **Rata-rata suhu Thermomether Pembanding**

$$Y' = 36,47$$

- **Rata-rata suhu alat**

$$\begin{aligned} X' &= \frac{X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5 + \dots + X_{10}}{10} \\ &= \frac{36,5+36,3+36,1+36,6+37+36+36,3+36,1+36,2+36}{10} \\ &= 36,31 \end{aligned}$$

- **Standart Deviasi**

$$\begin{aligned} STDEV &= \sqrt{\frac{(X_1 - X')^2 + (X_2 - X')^2 + (X_3 - X')^2 + \dots + (X_{10} - X')^2}{n - 1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(36,5 - 36,31)^2 + (36,3 - 36,31)^2 + (36,1 - 36,31)^2 + (36,6 - 36,31)^2 + (37 - 36,31)^2 + (36 - 36,31)^2 + (36,3 - 36,31)^2 + (36,1 - 36,31)^2 + (36,2 - 36,31)^2 + (36 - 36,31)^2}{10 - 1}} \\ &= 0,31 \end{aligned}$$

- **Persen Error**

$$\begin{aligned} Error\% &= \frac{Y' - X'}{Y'} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{36,47 - 36,31}{36,47} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,4\% \end{aligned}$$

- **Ketidakpastian**

$$Ua = \frac{STDEV}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$= 0,09$$

## 2. Pengukuran pada Remaja (12-25 tahun)

### a. Telinga Kanan

- Rata-rata suhu Thermometer Pembanding

$$Y' = 36,77$$

- Rata-rata suhu alat

$$\begin{aligned} X' &= \frac{X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5 + \dots + X_{10}}{10} \\ &= \frac{37+36,9+36,2+37+36,7+36,2+36+36,1+36,5+36}{10} \\ &= 36,46 \end{aligned}$$

- Standart Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} STDEV &= \sqrt{\frac{(X_1 - X')^2 + (X_2 - X')^2 + (X_3 - X')^2 + \dots + (X_{10} - X')^2}{n - 1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(37 - 36,46)^2 + (36,9 - 36,46)^2 + (36,2 - 36,46)^2 + (37 - 36,46)^2 + (36,7 - 36,46)^2}{10 - 1}} \\ &\quad + (36,2 - 36,46)^2 + (36 - 36,46)^2 + (36,1 - 36,46)^2 + (36,5 - 36,46)^2 \\ &\quad + (36 - 36,46)^2 \\ &= 0.41 \end{aligned}$$

- Persen Error

$$\begin{aligned} Error\% &= \frac{Y' - X'}{Y'} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{36,77 - 36,46}{36,77} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,8\% \end{aligned}$$

- Ketidakpastian

$$\begin{aligned} Ua &= \frac{STDEV}{\sqrt{n}} \\ &= 0.13 \end{aligned}$$

## b. Telinga Kiri

- **Rata-rata suhu Thermometer Pembanding**

$$Y' = 36,65$$

- **Rata-rata suhu alat**

$$\begin{aligned} X' &= \frac{X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5 + \dots + X_{10}}{10} \\ &= \frac{36,9 - 36,1 - 36,1 - 36 - 36,1 - 36,6 - 36,2 - 36,5 - 36,3 - 36,5}{10} \\ &= 36,33 \end{aligned}$$

- **Standart Deviasi**

$$\begin{aligned} STDEV &= \sqrt{\frac{(X_1 - X')^2 + (X_2 - X')^2 + (X_3 - X')^2 + \dots + (X_{10} - X')^2}{n - 1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(36,9 - 36,33)^2 + (36,1 - 36,33)^2 + (36,1 - 36,33)^2 + (36 - 36,33)^2 + (36,1 - 36,33)^2}{10 - 1}} \\ &\quad + (36,6 - 36,33)^2 + (36,2 - 36,33)^2 + (36,5 - 36,33)^2 + (36,3 - 36,33)^2 \\ &= 0,2 \end{aligned}$$

- **Persen Error**

$$\begin{aligned} Error\% &= \frac{Y' - X'}{Y'} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{36,65 - 36,33}{36,65} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,8\% \end{aligned}$$

- **Ketidakpastian**

$$\begin{aligned} U_a &= \frac{STDEV}{\sqrt{n}} \\ &= 0,09 \end{aligned}$$

### 3. Pengukuran pada Dewasa (25-45 tahun)

### 3.2.a.1 Telinga Kanan

- **Rata-rata suhu Thermometer Alat Pembanding**

$$Y' = 36,74$$

- **Rata-rata suhu alat**

$$\begin{aligned} X' &= \frac{X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5 + \dots + X_{10}}{10} \\ &= \frac{36,3+36,8+36,7+36,4+36,4+36,7+36,6+36,3+36,8+36,5}{10} \\ &= 36,55 \end{aligned}$$

- **Standart Deviasi**

$$\begin{aligned} STDEV &= \sqrt{\frac{(X_1 - X')^2 + (X_2 - X')^2 + (X_3 - X')^2 + \dots + (X_{10} - X')^2}{n - 1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(36,3 - 36,55)^2 + (36,8 - 36,55)^2 + (36,7 - 36,55)^2 + (36,4 - 36,55)^2 + (36,7 - 36,55)^2}{10 - 1}} \\ &\quad + (36,6 - 36,55)^2 + (36,3 - 36,55)^2 + (36,4 - 36,55)^2 + (36,8 - 36,55)^2 \\ &\quad + (36,5 - 36,55)^2 \\ &= 0.19 \end{aligned}$$

- **Persen Error**

$$\begin{aligned} Error\% &= \frac{Y' - X'}{Y'} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{36,74 - 36,55}{36,74} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,5\% \end{aligned}$$

- **Ketidakpastian**

$$\begin{aligned} Ua &= \frac{STDEV}{\sqrt{n}} \\ &= 0,06 \end{aligned}$$

### 3.2.a.2 Telinga Kiri

- **Rata-rata suhu Thermomether Alat Pembanding**

$$Y' = 36,81$$

- **Rata-rata suhu alat**

$$\begin{aligned} X' &= \frac{X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 + X_5 + \dots + X_{10}}{10} \\ &= \frac{36,5+36,9+36,5+36,3+36,7+36,5+36,3+36,5+36,3+36,1}{10} \\ &= 36,46 \end{aligned}$$

- **Standart Deviasi**

$$\begin{aligned} STDV &= \sqrt{\frac{(X_1 - X')^2 + (X_2 - X')^2 + (X_3 - X')^2 + \dots + (X_{10} - X')^2}{n - 1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(36,5 - 36,46)^2 + (36,9 - 36,46)^2 + (36,5 - 36,46)^2 + (36,3 - 36,46)^2 + (36,7 - 36,46)^2}{10 - 1}} \\ &\quad + (36,5 - 36,46)^2 + (36,3 - 36,46)^2 + (36,5 - 36,46)^2 + (36,3 - 36,46)^2 \\ &= 0,2 \end{aligned}$$

- **Persen Error**

$$\begin{aligned} Error\% &= \frac{Y' - X'}{Y'} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{36,81 - 36,46}{36,81} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,9\% \end{aligned}$$

- **Ketidakpastian**

$$\begin{aligned} Ua &= \frac{STDEV}{\sqrt{n}} \\ &= 0,07 \end{aligned}$$