

ABSTRACT

Joint property still becomes one of the disputing issues after the dissolution of marriage in a Moslem family in Indonesia. This research aims at analyzing the legal status of joint property in Islamic Law and Indonesian Law as well as the settlement its disputes at the Religious Court of Bantul. This research is a qualitative research using case approach. Thus the technique of data collection used is primary data that is the Bantul Religious Court decision. To solve this problem, the Plaintiff and Defendant bring the case to the Religious Court. Religious court has the authorities to solve the marital problems, inheritance. Religious courts are one of the judicial body exercises for the justice seekers under Islamic perspective. Religious Courts are in charge to uphold the Compilation of Islamic law as a material law that applies to Muslims in Indonesia regarding certain civil cases regulated in the law The result of this study shows that the judge establishes the joint property of the Plaintiff and Defendant, and both have the right to receive a half of joint property has been appropriate with the rules already established by the Law Number 1 of 1974 and the Compilation of Islamic Law. This decision has been appropriate and not contradicting with the Islamic Law.

Keywords: *Joint Property, Religious Court, Dispute Settlement*