

ABSTRACT

Saudi Arabia is a country that adheres to the strict sharia law system or Wahhabism. In Wahhabism perspectives, the women must have male guardianship to consent a variety of actions. However, in 2017, the Kingdom announced the policy about women's right. The paper aims to answer the question about why did Saudi Arabia under Crown Prince Salman make a policy reformation towards Women's Rights in the year of 2017-2018. The method used is descriptive qualitative method by utilizing secondary data. While the technique of collecting data through library research. The theory used in this study are Regime and Constructivism theory. The study found out that the actions from Saudi Arabia to make policy towards Women's Rights because there was intention to shape the state became moderate state.

Keyword(s) : Saudi Arabia's Reformation, Women's Right, Wahhabism