CHAPTER V CONCLUSION

Between Turkey with Israel have had diplomatic relations since long time ago, beginning with Turkey's recognition of Israel's sovereignty in March 1949. The first reason of Turkey to build bilateral cooperation with Israel is because of the liberal ideology of (Western) applied by the Government of Mustafa Kemal Attaturk at that time, after the collapse of Ottoman Empire in 1923. Then in 2002, Turkey has already begun drafting strategies in foreign politics, and started to look for the advantage of its geographical location, given its strategic position owned Turkey, and Israel became one of the partners in the cooperation.

As it known that Turkey and Palestinian conflicts after the Mavi Marmara attack in 2010 in the waters of the Gaza Strip. This makes the citizens of Turkey and denounced the actions of Israel. Therefore, the Government of Turkey directly stopped all cooperation with Israel has done, including economic and military cooperation.

Policy termination of military cooperation is applied to Turkey is one of the actions or decisions of a very bold and assertive Government has Turkey. The Government of Turkey earlier tend to be more silent and as though don't want to know or even did not dare to respond to all the mindless acquiescence, Israel a troubling and threaten the security of Turkey. The Government of Erdogan is Turkey's first Government dared to correct even the stated cons against the actions of frequent human rights violations carried out Israel. The Government of Turkey gave Israel two options for the normalization of relations in the framework of conflict resolution.

First, Israel must apologise over the deadly and compensate for the loss to the families of the victims. The second, approved the international examination over the case. Israel rejects both of these options and instead formed a Commission of investigation with his country as the leader and two foreign observers. The Israel's decision could be the description of the relationship between Turkey and Israel in the future. The relationship of the two countries are very close, this will end up if Israel keep insisting and did not want to try to normalize relations with Turkey.

As a democratic country and very much appreciate Turkey's fury over human rights, Israel attacks against humanitarian aid is much less reasonable to threaten the security of its citizens. Turkey has the right to protect the security of its citizens. Any reason will not be allowed if the injured civilians who do peace action let alone done in international waters. The tragedy of the Mavi Marmara which was the trigger for the discharge of military cooperation termination policy by Turkey could give effect to each of the parties involved. For Turkey, the disconnection policy can raise the image and pride of the nation of Turkey as a country of sovereign that seeks to safeguard its national security and resilience.

Turkey dared to take the decision to issue the policy termination of military cooperation with Israel for the sake of maintaining national security and resilience. Policies that are applied to the Government of Turkey in order the termination of the relationship with Israel followed by Israel. For Israel, these policies can complicate even cornering Israel position. On the one hand, Israel is the largest supplier of weaponry Turkey. With the termination of military weapons industry cooperation then it will also have an impact on the economy because of the Israel project involving Turkey is tender. Israel may experience a decline in national income from the end of the arms industry cooperation. Turkey's strategic geographical

position often become air traffic to Israel flights due to simplify and shorten the trip. Since the existence of a ban on flights in the airspace of Turkey Israel, certainly it would be very inconvenient for Israel if the flight should do a flight with the surrounding regions of Turkey is great compared to the airspace Turkey. The boycott against Israel products suffered Israel economy. Some countries cancel orders agriculture, the proposal of cooperation with Israel even boycotted the distribution of sales of products of Israel. The boycott action is an action of solidarity with Gaza and opposes Israel's apartheid policies which were imposed against the Palestinian people. Israel must eventually bear the loss due to any act that caused his own country.