ABTRAK


Metode penelitian, Penelitian ini dilakukan di SMK Muhammadiyah Magelang dengan mengambil responden siswa kelas XI sebanyak 45 siswa dari 130 siswa yang ada. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kuantitatif. Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan menggunakan metode angket. Analisa data menggunakan SPSS.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa: (1) Pengaruh Pemahaman Aqidah Ibadah siswa SMK Muhammadiyah sebesar 100% dikategorikan dalam tingkat tinggi. (2) Perilaku Religius Siswa SMK Muhammadiyah Magelang yaitu 84,4% dikategorikan dalam tingkat sedang. (3) Terdapat Pemahaman Materi Aqidah Ibadah terhadap perilaku Religiusitas siswa kelas XI di Sekolah Menengah Kejuruan (SMK) Muhammadiyah Magelang, diperoleh nilai F sebesar 34,4 dan nilai sig. sebesar 0,020 yang artinya ada pengaruh yang signifikan variabel Pemahaman Materi Akidah Ibadah terhadap variabel Religiusitas siswa karena nilai sig. < 0,05. Nilai koefisien determinasi (R Square) diperoleh sebesar 0,800 yang artinya besarnya pengaruh variabel Pemahaman Materi Akidah Ibadah terhadap variabel Religiusitas siswa adalah sebesar 80,0% sedangkan sisanya yaitu sebesar 20,0% dipengaruhi variabel lain di luar penelitian.

Kata Kunci: Materi Aqidah Ibadah, Perilaku Religius Siswa
ABSTRACTION
The Influence of Aqidah Ibadah Material on Religious Students of Muhammadiyah Vocational School Magelang

Keywords: Aqidah Ibadah Material, Student Religious Behavior

This study aims to determine the effect of education aqidah ibadah on student behavior. This research was conducted at Muhammadiyah Vocational School Magelang.

Aqidah material learning is closely related to the formation of faith or beliefs of students, while Ibadah is closely related to human beings communicating with Allah and how humans communicate with fellow humans, both worship Mahdho (Special Worship) and Worship Ghoiru Mahdhoh (Public Worship) then people who have Aqeedah strong ones will have strong motives for worship. Because aqeedah is the foundation of religious people. Thus, students who have strong Aqidah of worship will have a religious spirit that is strong or has high Religiosity.

The method often used in learning Aqidah Ibadah in Muhammadiyah Vocational School in Magelang is the lecture method and discussion method. Although the use of the lecture method and the discussion method cannot completely achieve the expected goals, the two methods are quite effective in increasing the religious spirit of the students, especially in the learning of Aqidah Ibadah. In this study the authors used a quantitative method using the Product Moment correlation formula equipped with tests and test of determination to determine how much influence and significance.

After the author conducted the research, it was obtained that R was and T count of also resulted in a determination of This means that the influence of the learning of Aqidah Ibadah on religious students is accepted, meaning that there are influences obtained and produced of learning affects religious students.