

**TITLE PAGE**

**BHUTAN'S STRATEGY TO OVERCOME THE  
BORDER CONFLICT BETWEEN INDIA AND CHINA**



**Written By:**

**ANDRE NUGROHO  
20150510343**

**Advisor:**

**Husni Amriyanto P., Drs, M.Si**

**DEPARTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM  
FOR INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS  
FACULTY OF SOCIAL AND POLITICAL SCIENCE  
UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH YOGYAKARTA  
2019**

## ENDORSEMENT PAGE

### Bhutan's Strategy to Overcome the Border Conflict Between India and China



**ANDRE NUGROHO**  
**20150510343**

This undergraduate thesis has been examined and endorsed by the board of examiners from the Department of International Relations, Faculty of Social and Political Sciences, Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta

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Simulation Room

Husni Amriyanto P., Drs, M.Si

Chief of Examiner Board/Advisor

  
Sidiq Ahmadi, S. IP, MA

Examiner I



  
Fahas Warsito, Prof. Dr. M. Si

Examiner II

## STATEMENT OF ORIGINALITY

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that this undergraduate thesis entitled “Bhutan’s Strategy to Overcome the Border Conflict Between India and China” is my own work, and that to the best of my knowledge, this undergraduate thesis has not been submitted for any degree or other purposes, at Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta or other institutions.

I certify that the intellectual content of this undergraduate thesis is original. All kind of assistances received in compiling this undergraduate thesis and the cited sources have been duly acknowledged.

I made this statement truthfully and in case of any discrepancy found in this statement in the future, I am willing to accept academic sanction and be processed in accordance with the applicable provisions at Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta.

Yogyakarta, 22<sup>nd</sup> March 2019



Andre Nugroho

## MOTTO

“Just because you are late, doesn’t mean you are a failure”

*-Brenda Prameizahra*

“The world will hate us if we are different, do you want to follow  
what society want and leaves you unhappy for the rest of your life?

Just do anything that makes you happy.”

*-Jacksepticeye*

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Here, I hereby present my undergraduate thesis, may it be useful and can be source of information.

Yogyakarta, 22<sup>nd</sup> March 2019

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## ABSTRACT

The development of international politics turned out to be inseparable from conflict, both inter-state conflict or domestic conflict known as civil war. In general, conflicts occur as a result of the failure of the parties to conflict in reaching a decision that can meet the interests of all parties (win-win solution or due to aggressive attitude towards the other party. The conflict between India and China which then involved Bhutan as a country bordering the two countries.

In this study the author will analyze further about the form of Bhutan's strategy in the border conflicts between China and India in 2017. In this study the authors used several approaches, each conflict theory and the concept of coercive diplomacy. While the research methodology used is descriptive qualitative with secondary data collection techniques.

From the discussion it can be seen that Bhutan's strategy in the border conflict between China and India in 2017 was to follow up the conflict seriously through coercive diplomacy, namely to ask the Chinese and Indians to end the conflict through negotiations by putting forward efforts to defend national sovereignty and maintain neutrality not to support China or India in the ultimatum framework, namely the form of Bhutan's coercive diplomacy by making the issue of China and India conflict as a national and regional issue, tacit ultimatum, namely the form of Bhutan's coercive diplomacy by making the conflict a form of foreign policy, gradual turning of the scree, Bhutan's coercive diplomacy by making conflict as learning so that similar problems, such as the India-China do not happen again.

**Keyword:** 2017 India-China conflict, Bhutan, Coercive Diplomacy



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