

## ABSTRAK

Islamic Relief Worldwide adalah salah satu *Non-Governmental Organization (NGO)* yang bergerak di bidang bantuan kemanusiaan Internasional dan penanggulangan bencana. Islamic Relief worldwide didirikan di Inggris pada tahun 1984. Islamic Relief Worldwide memiliki cabang di 40 negara salah satunya di Indonesia. Islamic Relief Worldwide telah aktif di Indonesia sejak 2004, yang awalnya sebagai tanggap darurat terhadap gempa bumi dan tsunami yang melanda Aceh pada 26 Desember 2004. Pasca tanggap darurat tsunami Aceh 2004, Islamic Relief Worldwide mulai aktif menangani berbagai permasalahan terkait penanggulangan bencana. Indonesia merupakan negara terbesar nomor 4 di dunia, akan tetapi walaupun termasuk negara besar, masih banyak kemiskinan yang ada di Indonesia. Indonesia juga merupakan negara yang paling rawan terjadi bencana alam di dunia. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendeskripsikan masuknya Islamic Relief Worldwide di Indonesia melalui MoU dengan pemerintah dan menganalisis gerak kerja Islamic Relief Worldwide Indonesia dalam membantu menangani bencana alam di Indonesia. Penelitian ini menggunakan konsep *Non-Governmental Organization (NGO)* dan *Humanitarian Assistance*. Hasil dari penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa adanya Islamic Relief Worldwide telah membantu meringankan pemerintah Indonesia, yakni dapat menjangkau kebutuhan masyarakat dengan lebih cepat, membantu masyarakat yang berpenghasilan rendah untuk mampu memenuhi kebutuhan pokoknya, serta memberikan bantuan-bantuan Tanggap Darurat di beberapa wilayah yang terkena bencana.

Kata kunci: Islamic Relief Worldwide, *Non-Governmental Organization (NGO)*, *Humanitarian Assistance*, MoU, tanggap darurat, dan bencana.

## ABSTRACT

Islamic Relief Worldwide is one of the Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) engaged in international humanitarian assistance and disaster management. Islamic Relief worldwide was founded in England in 1984. Islamic Relief Worldwide has branches in 40 countries, one of them in Indonesia. Islamic Relief Worldwide has been active in Indonesia since 2004, which initially served as an emergency response to the earthquake and tsunami that hit Aceh on December 26, 2004. After the 2004 Aceh tsunami emergency, Islamic Relief Worldwide began actively addressing various issues related to disaster management. Indonesia is the fourth largest country in the world, but even though it is a large country, there is still a lot of poverty in Indonesia. Indonesia is also the country most vulnerable to natural disasters in the world. This study aims to describe the entry of Islamic Relief Worldwide in Indonesia through an MoU with the government and analyze the work of Islamic Relief Worldwide Indonesia in helping to deal with natural disasters in Indonesia. This research uses the concept of Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) and Humanitarian Assistance. The results of this study indicate that the existence of Islamic Relief Worldwide has helped alleviate the Indonesian government, which can reach people's needs more quickly, help low-income communities to be able to meet their basic needs, and provide Emergency Response assistance in several affected areas.

Keywords: Islamic Relief Worldwide, Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs), Humanitarian Assistance, MoU, emergency response, and disaster.

