CHAPTER V
CONCLUSION

PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara or abbreviated PTNNT is the company that manages the green stone mining on Sumbawa openly, this company is a joint venture with the original ownership comparison i.e. 45% of Newmont, Sumitomo Corporation of 35% and PT Pukuafuindah by 20%.

In 1986, PT NNT handle project to conduct exploration and exploitation in the area of contract works in NTB in 1990, PT NNT do mining in Batu Hijau, mine is a copper mine containing gold. After the discovery of the mines, the technical study was conducted and the environment that runs for six years ago after obtaining approval from the Government in 1996, green stone mines project begins Every ton of ore processed produce 4.84 kilograms of copper and 0.37 grams of gold about 30% concentrates treated and purified by PT Smelting in Gresik and some 70 percent of exports to foreign countries, among others, into Japanese. With a total investment value of USD 1.8 billion. The presence of PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara was expected to be play an important role in providing a positive contribution to the enhancement of the national economy, create jobs, becoming obedient taxpayers, support government programs and specific policies, and can carry out social responsibility in place of operation of the company. "The mere information only, all customs 2016 out of translucent Rp2,9 trillion. Approximately Rp2,5 trillion comes from customs exit export minerba"

Green Stone mining is the only commercial-scale international mine on Sumbawa island or generally in the province NTB. His presence and the magnitude of the amount of tax paid by the company and contractors has created a strong expectation among local communities. Significant revenue obtained from Government taxes and royalties, but the income is not always immediately bringing benefit to the local people. The Central Government will collect taxes and royalties paid by mining
companies. The tax retained by the Central Government and then reallocated to the province and through public assistance funds, which are based on the number of inhabitants, as well as specific construction fund set by the Government. Money land lease and royalties collected by the Central Government, but also divided the land was leased by district, surrounding counties and also his province. A list of specific divisions for each level of Government can be seen in Table 2-1. The level of income that comes from land rental and royalty is relatively small when compared with the magnitude of the tax collected. Typically, rent and royalties is only a small percentage of the total payments paid by the company, especially during the years in which the base price of the metal is very height. The local Government also protested that the increase in revenues from the royalties will push the Central Government to reduce the specific allocation of funds for development, in order to balance the total revenue with the other counties. Green Stone Mining Newmont operates in a challenging environment. This mining a number of issues facing the risk of generic country Indonesia as well as the specific risks against the sector mining and mining remote location on the island of Sumbawa, the province NTB. The risks, if not in intimidated or taken care of properly, can lead to the onset of the conflict between the related parties of the level national and also to the communities in which the mining operations.

A. Strategic Plan of PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara.

Strategic planning of government agencies require integration between human resources, expertise and other resources in order to be able to answer the demands of the development of the strategic environment, nationally and globally. The relationship between the community and the company has been experiencing a shift, the company initially launched a program of Community Development (CD) in her attempt to build a relationship with the community. Then with CSR activities as a social license to operate.
Lastly, companies are expected to have a role of leadership in his community.

a. Responsibility of PT. Newmont through CSR.

Corporate social responsibility programs or Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) was first put forward by Howard r. Bowen in 1953. After that, the CSR experience concept development continuously, the original CSR activities orientation on "Philanthropy", so this time it has been used as one of the company's strategy to increase the "corporate image" which will demonstrate its influence the company's financial performance, along with the importance of community development towards the implementation of CSR. CSR is now regarded as an opportunity to improve competitiveness and as part of the risk management towards the sustainability of its business activities.

b. PT. Newmont’s Influences toward Indonesia

In the processing of natural resources capital required is very large, sophisticated equipment, experts and there is also a huge risk. Indonesia that his position as developing countries in organizing the economy of his country much in need of funds, one form of which is to establish cooperation in minerals processing (mine) can be made directly by the Government and/or designating a Contracting Party when required to carry out work that is not or cannot be done by the Government, which stated in article 10 paragraph (1) of Act No. 11 of the year 1967. With the entry of the PT Newmont as investors give a fresh breath for Indonesia in building the economy and any gaps that occur in the periphery of the mines as well as the national level because of the positive contributions provided by parties
Newmont in. Then the influx of PT Newmont through Contract Work give rise to reciprocal in profits to two sides between Indonesia and the investors (Newmont). It said the exit of customs contributors come from two companies, namely PT snapper class of Freeport Indonesia and PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara. "Is expected this year to Rp 1.4 trillion Newmont. The total Rp 2.88 trillion, almost equally from both. Last year its realization of Rp 3.9 trillion, if combined, barely above 90 per cent both, “says she Jakarta, Friday (8/1/2015). It can be concluded that corporate social responsibility means the company is able to take charge of all activities that affect human beings, their communities, and the environment, which will ultimately have an impact on human well-being and the community. "a move designed to boost the overall living standard of the community through active participation and, if possible, based on the initiative of the community.