

## LAMPIRAN

### PERHITUNGAN

Keterangan

$\bar{x}$  = Nilai rata-rata (ml/jam)

D = Simpangan (ml/jam)

% simpangan = Persentase simpangan (%)

SD = Standar Deviasi (ml/jam)

Ua = Ketidakpastian (ml/jam)

1. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 100 ml/jam dengan *sputit* 10 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{500,51}{5} = 100,05 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 100 - 100,05 \\ &= -0,05 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,05}{100} \times 100\% = 0,05 \% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(100-9,89)^2 + (100-100,24)^2 + (100-99,98)^2 + (100-100,16)^2 + (100-100,24)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,153}{4}} = 0,196 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,196}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,09 \text{ ml/jam}$$

2. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan flow rate 75 ml/jam dengan spuit 10 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{375,52}{5} = 75,1 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 75 - 75,1 \\ &= -0,1 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,1}{75} \times 100\% = 0,14 \% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(75-75,21)^2 + (75-75,24)^2 + (75-74,88)^2 + (75-75,18)^2 + (75-75,01)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,149}{4}} = 0,193 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,193}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,09 \text{ ml/jam}$$

3. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan flow rate 50 ml/jam dengan spuit 10 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{250,29}{5} = 50,1 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 50 - 50,1 \\ &= -0,1 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,1}{50} \times 100\% = 0,2\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(50-50,12)^2 + (50-50,22)^2 + (50-49,97)^2 + (50-50,18)^2 + (50-49,8)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,136}{4}} = 0,184 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,184}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,08 \text{ ml/jam}$$

4. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan flow rate 25 ml/jam dengan spuit 10 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{125,55}{5} = 25,11 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 25 - 25,11 \end{aligned}$$

$$= -0,11 \text{ ml/jam}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,11}{25} \times 100\% = 0,46\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(25-25,23)^2 + (25-24,92)^2 + (25-25,25)^2 + (25-25,17)^2 + (25-24,98)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,151}{4}} = 0,194 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,194}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,09 \text{ ml/jam}$$

5. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan flow rate 10 ml/jam dengan spuit 10 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{50,76}{5} = 10,1 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 10 - 10,1 \\ &= 0,1 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,1}{10} \times 100\% = 1,04\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned}SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\&= \sqrt{\frac{(10-10,12)^2 + (10-10,19)^2 + (10-10,16)^2 + (10-10,05)^2 + (10-10,24)^2}{5-1}} \\&= \sqrt{\frac{0,136}{4}} = 0,185 \text{ ml/jam}\end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,185}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,08 \text{ ml/jam}$$

6. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 100 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 20 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{500,93}{5} = 100,19 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\&= 100 - 100,19 \\&= -0,19 \text{ ml/jam}\end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\&= \frac{0,19}{100} \times 100\% = 0,19 \%\end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned}SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\&= \sqrt{\frac{(100-100,25)^2 + (100-100,04)^2 + (100-100,23)^2 + (100-100,14)^2 + (100-100,27)^2}{5-1}}\end{aligned}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0,21}{4}} = 0,23 \text{ ml/jam}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,23}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,1 \text{ ml/jam}$$

7. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 75 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 20 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{375,76}{5} = 75,15 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 75 - 75,15 \\ &= -0,15 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,15}{75} \times 100\% = 0,2 \% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(75-75,29)^2 + (75-75,56)^2 + (75-74,89)^2 + (75-74,78)^2 + (75-75,24)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,516}{4}} = 0,36 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,36}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,16 \text{ ml/jam}$$

8. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 50 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 20 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{250,99}{5} = 50,2 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 50 - 50,2 \\ &= -0,2 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,2}{50} \times 100\% = 0,4\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(50-50,1)^2 + (50-49,98)^2 + (50-50,4)^2 + (50-50,25)^2 + (50-50,26)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,3}{4}} = 0,27 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,27}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,12 \text{ ml/jam}$$

9. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 25 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 20 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{125,75}{5} = 25,15 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 25 - 25,15 \\ &= -0,15 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,15}{25} \times 100\% = 0,6 \%\end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned}SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(25-25,23)^2 + (25-25,24)^2 + (25-25,16)^2 + (25-24,94)^2 + (25-25,18)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,172}{4}} = 0,21 \text{ ml/jam}\end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,21}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,09 \text{ ml/jam}$$

10. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 10 ml/jam dengan *sputit* 20 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{50,94}{5} = 10,19 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 10 - 10,19 \\ &= -0,19 \text{ ml/jam}\end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,19}{10} \times 100\% = 1,88 \%\end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$



$$= \sqrt{\frac{(10-10,26)^2+(10-10,34)^2+(10-9,92)^2+(10-9,85)^2+(10-10,57)^2}{5-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0,537}{4}} = 0,37 \text{ ml/jam}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,37}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,16 \text{ ml/jam}$$

11. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 100 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 50 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{500,84}{5} = 100,17 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$D = x_s - \bar{x}$$

$$= 100 - 100,17$$

$$= -0,17 \text{ ml/jam}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\% \text{ simpangan} = \frac{D}{x_s} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0,17}{100} \times 100\% = 0,17\%$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(100-99,69)^2+(100-100,07)^2+(100-100,57)^2+(100-100,17)^2+(100-100,34)^2}{5-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0,57}{4}} = 0,38 \text{ ml/jam}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,38}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,17 \text{ ml/jam}$$

12. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 75 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 50 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{376,27}{5} = 75,254 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 75 - 75,254 \\ &= -0,254 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,254}{75} \times 100\% = 0,339\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(75-75,59)^2 + (75-75,29)^2 + (75-74,92)^2 + (75-75,12)^2 + (75-75,35)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,576}{4}} = 0,38 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,379}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,17 \text{ ml/jam}$$

13. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 50 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 50 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{250,84}{5} = 50,17 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 50 - 50,17 \\ &= -0,17 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,17}{50} \times 100\% = 0,34\%\end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned}SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(50-50,28)^2 + (50-50,04)^2 + (50-50,42)^2 + (50-50,23)^2 + (50-49,87)^2}{5-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,326}{4}} = 0,29 \text{ ml/jam}\end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,29}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,13 \text{ ml/jam}$$

14. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 25 ml/jam dengan *sputit* 50 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{125,68}{5} = 25,136 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 25 - 25,136 \\ &= -0,136 \text{ ml/jam}\end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,136}{25} \times 100\% = 0,54\%\end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(25-25,56)^2 + (25-25,21)^2 + (25-25,01)^2 + (25-24,88)^2 + (25-25,02)^2}{5-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0,373}{4}} = 0,31 \text{ ml/jam}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,305}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,14 \text{ ml/jam}$$

15. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate* 10 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 50 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{50,53}{5} = 10,11 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$D = x_s - \bar{x}$$

$$= 10 - 10,11$$

$$= -0,11 \text{ ml/jam}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\% \text{ simpangan} = \frac{D}{x_s} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0,11}{10} \times 100\% = 1,06\%$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(10-10,04)^2 + (10-10,17)^2 + (10-10,21)^2 + (10-9,87)^2 + (10-10,24)^2}{5-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0,149}{4}} = 0,19 \text{ ml/jam}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,193}{\sqrt{5}} = 0,09 \text{ ml/jam}$$

16. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate bolus* 100 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 10 ml

- a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{300,62}{3} = 100,21 \text{ ml/jam}$$

- b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 100 - 100,21 \\ &= -0,21 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

- c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{x_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,21}{100} \times 100\% = 0,21\% \end{aligned}$$

- d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(100-100,26)^2 + (100-100,16)^2 + (100-100,2)^2}{3-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,133}{2}} = 0,26 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

- e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,266}{\sqrt{3}} = 0,15 \text{ ml/jam}$$

17. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate bolus* 50 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 10 ml

- a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{150,6}{3} = 50,2 \text{ ml/jam}$$

- b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 50 - 50,2 \\ &= -0,2 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,2}{50} \times 100\% = 0,4\%\end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned}SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(50-50,21)^2 + (50-50,26)^2 + (50-50,2)^2}{3-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,129}{2}} = 0,25 \text{ ml/jam}\end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,25}{\sqrt{3}} = 0,15 \text{ ml/jam}$$

18. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate bolus* 100 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 20 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{300,46}{3} = 100,15 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 100 - 100,15 \\ &= -0,15 \text{ ml/jam}\end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,15}{100} \times 100\% = 0,15\%\end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(100-100,28)^2 + (100-100,11)^2 + (100-100,07)^2}{3-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0,095}{2}} = 0,22 \text{ ml/jam}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,22}{\sqrt{3}} = 0,13 \text{ ml/jam}$$

19. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate bolus* 50 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 20 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{150,61}{3} = 50,2 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$D = x_s - \bar{x}$$

$$= 50 - 50,2$$

$$= 0,2 \text{ ml/jam}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\% \text{ simpangan} = \frac{D}{x_s} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0,2}{50} \times 100\% = 0,41\%$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(50-50,2)^2 + (50-50,2)^2 + (50-50,21)^2}{3-1}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0,124}{2}} = 0,25 \text{ ml/jam}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,25}{\sqrt{3}} = 0,14 \text{ ml/jam}$$

20. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate bolus* 100 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 50 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{300,21}{3} = 100,07 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 100 - 100,07 \\ &= -0,07 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,07}{100} \times 100\% = 0,07\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(100-100,22)^2 + (100-99,87)^2 + (100-100,12)^2}{3-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,080}{2}} = 0,2 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,2}{\sqrt{3}} = 0,12 \text{ ml/jam}$$

21. Perhitungan Hasil Percobaan *flow rate bolus* 50 ml/jam dengan *sprit* 50 ml

a. Nilai rata-rata

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{150,54}{3} = 50,18 \text{ ml/jam}$$

b. Simpangan

$$\begin{aligned} D &= x_s - \bar{x} \\ &= 50 - 50,18 \\ &= -0,18 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

c. Persentase Simpangan



$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ simpangan} &= \frac{D}{X_s} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{0,18}{50} \times 100\% = 0,36\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Standar Deviasi

$$\begin{aligned} SD &= \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{(50-50,24)^2 + (50-50,12)^2 + (50-50,18)^2}{3-1}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{0,104}{2}} = 0,23 \text{ ml/jam} \end{aligned}$$

e. Ketidakpastian ( $U_a$ )

$$U_a = \frac{SD}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{0,23}{\sqrt{3}} = 0,13 \text{ ml/jam}$$

## Code Program Syringe Pump

```
Chip type           : ATmega16
Program type        : Application
AVR Core Clock frequency: 12.000000 MHz
Memory model        : Small
External RAM size   : 0
Data Stack size     : 256
*****/

#include <mega16.h>
#include <delay.h>
#include <alcd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define start PINB.1
#define up     PINB.0
#define down  PINB.3
#define stop  PINB.4
#define bolus PINB.2
#define buzzer PORTD.0
#define irun  PORTD.3
#define istop PORTD.1

int data1,data2,data3=1,data4=0,data5=0, data6;
float a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i;
unsigned char temp[16];
unsigned char buf[16];
unsigned char uy[16];
unsigned char huy[16];
int frekuensi=0;
int hasil_volume;
float tetes;
float t,ts,t_tunda,tb,tsb,t_bolus;
float nilai;
int data;
unsigned int count,satuan=0;
// Timer 0 overflow interrupt service routine
interrupt [TIM0_OVF] void timer0_ovf_isr(void)
{
// Reinitialize Timer 0 value
TCNT0=0x8B;
count++;
if (count>=100)
{
    satuan++;
    count=0;
}
}
#define ADC_VREF_TYPE 0x40

// Read the AD conversion result
unsigned int read_adc(unsigned char adc_input)
{
ADMUX=adc_input | (ADC_VREF_TYPE & 0xff);
// Delay needed for the stabilization of the ADC input voltage
delay_us(10);
// Start the AD conversion
```

```

ADCSRA|=0x40;
// Wait for the AD conversion to complete
while ((ADCSRA & 0x10)==0);
ADCSRA|=0x10;
return ADCW;
}
void adc ()
{
    data1=read_adc(1);
    data2=read_adc(2);
    if (data1>=200 && data1<=300) {PORTD.6=1; a=2.9; c=537;
    d=101; e=50; f=700; g=680; h=2; i=1.5;}
    else {PORTD.6=0;}
    if (data1>=450 && data1<=600) {PORTD.5=1; a=1.33; c=404;
    d=101; e=20; f=515; g=422; h=1.5; i=1;}
    else {PORTD.5=0;}
    if (data1>=620 && data1<=700) {PORTD.4=1; a=0.8468; c=379;
    d=101; e=10; f=480; g=396; h=1; i=0.5;}
    else {PORTD.4=0;}
    if (data1>700) {PORTD.7=1;}
    else {PORTD.7=0;}
}
void soklusi ()
{
    data=read_adc(3);
}
void tampil_lcd()
{
    nilai=(float) satuan*(data3/3600.0);
    ftoa (nilai,2,temp);
    lcd_gotoxy(4,1);
    lcd_puts(temp);
    lcd_gotoxy(10,1);
    lcd_putsf("ml");
    lcd_gotoxy(0,0);
    lcd_putsf("-CAIRAN KELUAR-");
}
void tampil_lcdbolus ()
{
    nilai=(float) satuan*(data6/3600.0);
    ftoa (nilai,2,temp);
    lcd_gotoxy(4,1);
    lcd_puts(temp);
    lcd_gotoxy(10,1);
    lcd_putsf("ml");
    lcd_gotoxy(0,0);
    lcd_putsf("-CAIRAN KELUAR-");
}
void kecepatan ()
{
    hasil_volume=data4*212;
    t=(3600000*data4/data3*a);
    ts=t/hasil_volume;
    t_tunda=ts/16;
}
void boluss ()
{
    hasil_volume=data4*a;
    tb=(3600000*data4/data6);
}

```

```

        tsb=tb/hasil_volume;
        t_bolus=tsb/16;
    }
void stopped()
{
    PORTA=0b00000000;
    TIMSK=0x00;
    istop=1;
    irun=0;
    if(!start)
    {
        while(1)
        {
            istop=0;
            irun=1;
            tampil_lcd();
            adc();
            soklusi();
            kecepatan();
            TIMSK=0x01;
            PORTA=0b00010000;
            delay_ms(t_tunda);
            if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
            PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
            if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
            PORTA=0b00100000;
            delay_ms(t_tunda);
            if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
            PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
            if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
            PORTA=0b01000000;
            delay_ms(t_tunda);
            if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 && P
            ORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
            if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
            if(data2<=f && data2>=g || data4-tetes<=h && data4-
            tetes>=i){buzzer=1;} else {buzzer=0;}
            if(tetes>data4 || data2<=c)
            {while(1){PORTA=0x00;buzzer=1; irun=0;
            istop=1;}}
        }
    }
    if(!bolus)
    {
        TIMSK=0x01;
        istop=0;
        irun=1;
        tampil_lcdbolus();
        boluss();
        adc();
        soklusi();
    }
}

```

```

        PORTA=0b00010000;
        delay_ms(t_bolus);
        if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
        PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
        if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
        PORTA=0b00100000;
        delay_ms(t_bolus);
        if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
        PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
        if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
        PORTA=0b01000000;
        delay_ms(t_bolus);
        if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
        PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
        if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
        PORTA=0b10000000;
        delay_ms(t_bolus);
        if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
        PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
        if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
        if(data2<=f && data2>=g || data4-tetes<=h && data4-
        tetes>=i){buzzer=1;} else {buzzer=0;}
        if(tetes>data4 || data2<=c)
        {while(1){PORTA=0x00;buzzer=1; irun=0; istop=1;}}
        return;
    }
}
void putar()
{
    PORTA=0b00010000;
    delay_ms(t_tunda);
    if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
    PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
    if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
    PORTA=0b00100000;
    delay_ms(t_tunda);
    if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
    PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
    if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
    PORTA=0b01000000;
    delay_ms(t_tunda);
    if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
    PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
    if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
    PORTA=0b10000000;
    delay_ms(t_tunda);
    if(!stop || PORTD.4==0 && PORTD.5==0 &&
    PORTD.6==0){while(1){stopped();}}
    if(data>=b){while(1){stopped(); buzzer=1;}}
}
void menu1()
{
    if(!up) {data3=data3+1; delay_ms(200);}
    if(!down){data3=data3-1; delay_ms(200);}
    lcd_gotoxy(2,0);
    lcd_putsf("-FLOW RATE-");
    lcd_gotoxy(3,1);
}

```

```

sprintf(uy,"%d mL/h   ", data3);
lcd_puts(uy);
if(data3==d){data3=1;}
if(data3==0){data3=d-1;}
}
void menu2()
{
if(!up) {data6=data6+1; delay_ms(200);}
if(!down){data6=data6-1; delay_ms(200);}
//tombol setting menu2
lcd_gotoxy(2,0);
lcd_putsf("-BOLUS MODE-");
lcd_gotoxy(3,1);
sprintf(huy,"%d mL/h   ", data6);
lcd_puts(huy);
if(data6==0){data6=data3+1;}
if(data6==101){data6=data3+1;}
if(data6==data3){data6=101-1;}
}
void menu3()
{
if(!up) {data4=data4+1; delay_ms(200);}
if(!down){data4=data4-1; delay_ms(200);}
//tombol setting menu2
lcd_gotoxy(2,0);
lcd_putsf("-MAX VOLUME-");
lcd_gotoxy(4,1);
sprintf(buf," %d ml   ", data4);
lcd_puts(buf);
if(data4==0){data4=e;}
if(data4==e+1){ data4=1;}
}
void low()
{
lcd_gotoxy(3,1);
lcd_putsf("LEVEL I");
istop=1;
adc();
b=820.0;
if(!bolus)
{
irun=1;
istop=0;
PORTA=0b00010000;
delay_ms(7);
PORTA=0b00100000;
delay_ms(7);
PORTA=0b01000000;
delay_ms(7);
PORTA=0b10000000;
delay_ms(7);
}
else {irun=0; istop=1; PORTA=0;}
if(PORTD.4==1 || PORTD.5==1 || PORTD.6==1)
{
if(!start)
{
lcd_clear();delay_ms(200);
}
}
}

```









```

void oklusi()
{
    if(!up) {data5=data5+1; delay_ms(500); lcd_clear();}
    if(!down){data5=data5-1; delay_ms(500); lcd_clear();}
    if(data5==3){data5=0;}
    if(data5==-1){data5=2;}
    switch(data5)
    {
        case 0 :low();break;
        case 1 :medium();break;
        case 2 :high();break;
    } //setting menu tampilan awal
}
void main(void)
{
    PORTA=0x00;
    DDRA=0b11110000;
    PORTB=0xFF;
    DDRB=0x00;

    PORTC=0x00;
    DDRC=0x00;

    PORTD=0x00;
    DDRD=0b11111011;

    // Timer/Counter 0 initialization
    // Clock source: System Clock
    // Clock value: 11.719 kHz
    // Mode: Normal top=0xFF
    // OC0 output: Disconnected
    TCCR0=0x05;
    TCNT0=0x8B;
    OCR0=0x00;

    // Timer/Counter 1 initialization
    // Clock source: System Clock
    // Clock value: Timer1 Stopped
    // Mode: Normal top=0xFFFF
    // OC1A output: Discon.
    // OC1B output: Discon.
    // Noise Canceler: Off
    // Input Capture on Falling Edge
    // Timer1 Overflow Interrupt: Off
    // Input Capture Interrupt: Off
    // Compare A Match Interrupt: Off
    // Compare B Match Interrupt: Off
    TCCR1A=0x00;
    TCCR1B=0x00;
    TCNT1H=0x00;
    TCNT1L=0x00;
    ICR1H=0x00;
    ICR1L=0x00;
    OCR1AH=0x00;
    OCR1AL=0x00;
    OCR1BH=0x00;
    OCR1BL=0x00;
    GICR|=0x40;
    MCUCR=0x02;
    MCUCSR=0x00;
}

```

```

GIFR=0x40;
// USART initialization
// USART disabled
UCSRB=0x00;

// Analog Comparator initialization
// Analog Comparator: Off
// Analog Comparator Input Capture by Timer/Counter 1: Off
ACSR=0x80;
SFIOR=0x00;

// ADC initialization
// ADC Clock frequency: 750.000 kHz
// ADC Voltage Reference: AVCC pin
// ADC Auto Trigger Source: ADC Stopped
ADMUX=ADC_VREF_TYPE & 0xff;
ADCSRA=0x84;
// SPI initialization
// SPI disabled
SPCR=0x00;

// TWI initialization
// TWI disabled
TWCR=0x00;
// Alphanumeric LCD initialization
// Connections specified in the
// Project|Configure|C Compiler|Libraries|Alphanumeric LCD
menu:
// RS - PORTC Bit 0
// RD - PORTC Bit 1
// EN - PORTC Bit 2
// D4 - PORTC Bit 4
// D5 - PORTC Bit 5
// D6 - PORTC Bit 6
// D7 - PORTC Bit 7
// Characters/line: 16
lcd_init(16);
// Global enable interrupts
#asm("sei")
  lcd_gotoxy(2,0);
  lcd_putsf("SYRINGE PUMP");
  lcd_gotoxy(4,1);
  lcd_putsf("TEM UMY");
  delay_ms(2000);
  lcd_clear();
  lcd_gotoxy(3,0);
  lcd_putsf("M.A In'am");
  lcd_gotoxy(2,1);
  lcd_putsf("20163010075");
  delay_ms(2000);
  lcd_clear();
  while (1)
  {
    adc();
    lcd_gotoxy(1,0);
    lcd_putsf("__OCCLUSION__");
    oklusi();
  }
}

```

## Hasil Perancangan Alat



## Pengambilan data (Pengukuran *Flow Rate*)



## Pengambilan data (Pengukuran Target Volume dengan *Flow rate* 1 ml/jam)

