

## **CHAPTER V**

### **CONCLUSION**

In this chapter there is conclusion about the undergraduate thesis. The conclusion is restating the hypotheses that related with theoretical framework. The hypotheses answer the research question of this undergraduate thesis.

As an USSR legacy Russia is a vast state with many neighbor states that require the maintenance of relations. Russia foreign affairs conducted not only with its neighbor states but beyond that with the states in the Middle East region. Syria, Iraq, and Iran are Russia's friends with long history of diplomatic and economic relations. Their mutual friendship and cooperation comes with many upside down but considerably peaceful and harmony.

In the year of 2011 until 2014 the security in the Middle East region faced by the problem that makes the condition becomes unstable. Syrian Civil War in the year of 2011 that create the turmoil domestic condition in Syria and the emergence of Islamic State of Iraq and Syria (ISIS) in the year of 2014 increase the insecurity of the state in the region. The conflict in Middle East attracts the involvement of other states across the globe including United States of America.

In the year of 2015 Russia, Syria, Iraq, and Iran formed alliance as a response to the situation in the Middle East region especially Syrian-Iraqi territory that become a hive for ISIS. The Alliance agreement is to gather, process, and analyze all current information about the situation in Middle East.

The emergence of Russia-Syria-Iraq-Iran alliance is the research question and also central question of this

undergraduate thesis and in order to answer the question there are hypothesis that draw from theoretical framework. The Russia-Syria-Iraq-Iran alliance emerges because of the common threat from USA and anarchical structure that stimulate insecurity.

In Russia perspective the intervention done by USA toward Syria, Iraq, and Iran will give a threat to Russia foreign affair. Russia is in good term with Syria, Iraq, and Iran and among them are experienced the intervention of USA. The power possessed by USA and perceived intention also the territorial military base makes USA become powerful and dangerous for Russia, Syria, Iraq, and Iran. Russia, Syria, Iraq, and Iran are agree that USA intervention will pose the threat to each of them and to prevent it to happen they need to come together and accumulate the power to balance the USA power in Middle East region.

Turmoil in Middle East region is worsening by the emergence of ISIS in Syrian-Iraqi region. The emergence of ISIS is caused by the anarchical international structure because there are no hierarchical structures that create the overseer state that keep the order. Instead the structure of international relation is anarchy with state coexists with one another like in the market concept in economy.

The self-reliance logic of state and their similar core functioning but different capability drives them to be sure in the midst of anarchy situation that stimulate insecurity. Russia, Syria, Iraq, Iran that are tangled by this theory indicate the same behavior and the anarchical structure drive them to seek security and they decide to form alliance which is logic according to this Kenneth Waltz theory.