

INTISARI

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui dan menganalisis pengaruh *Labor Force*, *Foreign Direct Investment*, dan *Trade Openness* terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi di negara-negara Asia Selatan pada tahun 2007-2017 tentang Angkatan Kerja, *Foreign Direct Investment*, dan *Trade Openness* serta *Gross Domestic Product* yang diambil dari data *World Bank*. Sampel dalam penelitian ini berjumlah 10 data yang akan dijadikan sebagai objek penelitian. Variabel dependen dalam penelitian ini adalah *Gross Domestic Product*, sedangkan variabel independennya adalah *Labor Force*, *Foreign Direct Investment*, dan *Trade Openness*. Untuk melihat pengaruh variabel independen terhadap variabel dependen, peneliti melakukan pengujian analisis regresi dengan pendekatan model panel dan uji asumsi klasik. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian yang diperoleh dapat diketahui bahwa, variabel *Labor Force*, dan *Foreign Direct Investment* berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap *Gross Domestic Product* di negara-negara Asia Selatan. Sedangkan, variabel *Trade Openness* berhubungan negatif dan signifikan terhadap *Gross Domestic Product* di negara-negara Asia Selatan.

Kata Kunci : *labor force, foreign direct investment, trade openness, gross domestic product.*

ABSTRACT

This study aims to find out and analyze the influence of the Labor Force, Foreign Direct Investment, and Trade Openness on economic growth in South Asian countries in 2007-2017 concerning the Labor Force, Foreign Direct Investment, and Trade Openness and Gross Domestic Product that taken from World Bank data. The sample in this study amounted to 10 data that will be used as research objects. The dependent variable in this study is Gross Domestic Product, while the independent variables are the Labor Force, Foreign Direct Investment, and Trade Openness. To see the effect of the independent variables on the dependent variable, the researcher conducted a regression analysis using the panel model approach and the classic assumption test. Based on the results of the research obtained, it can be seen that the Labor Force and Foreign Direct Investment variables have a positive and significant effect on Gross Domestic Product in South Asian countries. Meanwhile, the Trade Openness variable is negatively and significantly related to Gross Domestic Product in South Asian countries.

Keywords : labor force, foreign direct investment, trade openness, gross domestic product.