

**THE REVIVAL OF RUSSIA AND ITS CONSEQUENCE  
TOWARD THE NEW COLD WAR**



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# THE REVIVAL OF RUSSIA AND ITS CONSEQUENCE TOWARD THE NEW COLD WAR

## SKRIPSI

Diajukan untuk memenuhi sebagian persyaratan guna memperoleh  
Gelar sarjana (S-1) dalam Ilmu Sosial Politik spesialis Ilmu Hubungan Internasional  
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Hari/Tanggal : Selasa, 19 Juli 2011  
Jam : 08.00  
Tempat : Ruang Uji HI A



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## **MOTTO**

"Failure seems to be regarded as the one unpardonable crime, success as the all-redeeming virtue, the acquisition of wealth as the single worthy aim of life. The hair-raising revelations of skullduggery and grand-scale thievery merely incite others to surpass by yet bolder outrages and more corrupt combinations."

**Charles Francis Adams II**

Success depends upon previous preparation, and without such preparation there is sure to be failure

**Confucius**

The Lord gives us a plan to follow. It is outlined in His commandments. And all those commandments are designed to build stability within us. We are not to excuse our failures and weaknesses: We are not to say we are made the way we are, and thereby justify our sins. The Lord expects us to rise above our weakness, become strong, and pattern ourselves after Him.

**Nu**

Success is not counted by how high you have climbed but by how many you brought with you.

**Wil Rose**

Problems tend to growl at us like cowardly dogs. If we face them and challenge them, they back away. If we run from them, they run after us, snapping our heels.

**Freddie Mitman**

## PREFACE

This thesis is based upon studies conducted about the revival of Russia and its consequences toward neo cold war. This thesis has been written to complete my study in International Relations Department, Muhammadiyah university of Yogyakarta. This thesis as the final paper of my study

- First thanks to ALLAH swt
- Than I would like to express my sincere gratitude to my leading supervisor Mr Bambang Sunaryono. Without him advice and unique support this thesis would never had become a reality.
- Further I would like to thank my examiner Mr.Sidik Jatmika and Mr.Adde Ma'rup for their great co-operation and help. Also thanks to all lectures of International relations.
- I would like to thank the staff at the International Relations Department, Mr.Djumari, Waluyo, Ayyub. Thanks to given me the advice and guide to follow the examination.
- Finally, I wish to express my greatest thanks to my family especially my mother and my father(alm), all friends and colleagues, who have Supported me, especially Angga who help me in understand the cases of Russia, also my beloved girl Asa Altamira, thanks a lot for your understanding and support.
- Also thanks to all who haven't mention yet in this short preface.

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## Terms and Idioms:

- The Cold War (Russian: Холодная война, *Kholodnaya voyna*) was the continuing state from roughly 1946 to 1991 of political conflict, military tension, proxy wars, and economic competition between the Communist World – primarily the Soviet Union and its satellite states and allies – and the powers of the Western world, primarily the United States and its allies. Although the chief military forces never engaged in a major battle with each other, they expressed the conflict through military coalitions, strategic conventional force deployments, extensive aid to states deemed vulnerable, proxy wars, espionage, propaganda, conventional and nuclear arms races, appeals to neutral nations, rivalry at sports events, and technological competitions such as the Space Race.
- Proxy war or proxy warfare is a war that results when opposing powers use third parties as substitutes for fighting each other directly. While powers have sometimes used governments as proxies, violent non-state actors, mercenaries, or other third parties are more often employed. It is hoped that these groups can strike an opponent without leading to full-scale war. Proxy wars have also been fought alongside full-scale conflicts. It is almost impossible to have a pure proxy war, as the groups fighting for a certain nation usually have their own interests, which can diverge from those of their patron. Typically proxy wars function best during cold wars, as they become a necessity in conducting armed conflict between at least two belligerents while continuing cold warfare.
- The New Cold War (also known as the Second Cold War) is an expression coined by Joseph Stoupe to refer to the post-Soviet era of geopolitical conflict resulting from the implementation of two divergent projects for the configuration a New world order.
- Sphere of influence, in international politics, the claim by a state to exclusive or predominant control over a foreign area or territory. The term may refer to a political claim to exclusive control, which other nations may or may not



recognize as a matter of fact, or it may refer to a legal agreement by which another state or states pledge themselves to refrain from interference within the sphere of influence.