

LAMPIRAN

Perhitungan nilai kekerasan (VHN) pada posisi titik injakan acak untuk pengujian *raw* material aluminium.

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf}$

$$d \text{ rata-rata} = \frac{75+75}{2} = 75 \text{ mm}$$

Penyelesaian : $VHN = \frac{1.854 \times P}{(d)^2}$

$$VHN = \frac{1.854 \times 200}{(75^2)} = 0.06592. \mu\text{m} \times 10^3$$

$$VHN = 65,92 \text{ kg/mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kekerasan rata - rata} = \frac{65.92 + 85,12 + 86,42}{3}$$

$$VHN = 79,15 \text{ VHN}$$

Perhitungan nilai kekerasan rata-rata (VHN) ketebalan lapisan oksida setelah proses *anodizing* pada kuat arus 1 Ampere. (Tabel 4.2)

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf}$

$$d \text{ rata-rata} = \frac{56,5+55}{2} = 55,75 \text{ mm}$$

Penyelesaian : $VHN = \frac{1.854 \times P}{(d)^2}$

$$VHN = \frac{1.854 \times 200}{(55,75^2)} = 0.10652. \mu\text{m} \times 10^3$$

$$VHN = 106,52 \text{ kg/mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kekerasan rata - rata} = \frac{106,52 + 85,12 + 99,65}{3}$$

$$VHN = 97,09 \text{ VHN}$$

Perhitungan nilai kekerasan rata-rata (VHN) ketebalan lapisan oksida setelah proses *sealing* pada kuat arus 1 Ampere. (Tabel 4.2)

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf}$

$$d \text{ rata-rata} = \frac{59+59}{2} = 59 \text{ mm}$$

Penyelesaian : $VHN = \frac{1.854 \times P}{(d)^2}$

$$VHN = \frac{1.854 \times 200}{(59^2)} = 0.119,3 \mu\text{m} \times 10^3$$

$$VHN = 119,3 \text{ kg/mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kekerasan rata - rata} = \frac{119,3 + 130,76 + 124,83}{3}$$

$$VHN = 124,96 \text{ VHN}$$

Perhitungan nilai kekerasan rata-rata (VHN) ketebalan lapisan oksida setelah proses *anodizing* pada kuat arus 2 Ampere. (Tabel 4.2)

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf}$

$$d \text{ rata-rata} = \frac{59+59}{2} = 59 \text{ mm}$$

Penyelesaian : $VHN = \frac{1.854 \times P}{(d)^2}$

$$VHN = \frac{1.854 \times 200}{(59^2)} = 0.10652. \mu\text{m} \times 10^3$$

$$VHN = 106,52 \text{ kg/mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kekerasan rata - rata} = \frac{106,52 + 118,23 + 87,73}{3}$$

$$VHN = 104,16 \text{ VHN}$$

Perhitungan nilai kekerasan rata-rata (VHN) ketebalan lapisan oksida setelah proses *sealing* pada kuat arus 2 Ampere. (Tabel 4.2)

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf}$

$$d \text{ rata-rata} = \frac{56+55}{2} = 55,5 \text{ mm}$$

Penyelesaian : $VHN = \frac{1.854 \times P}{(d)^2}$

$$VHN = \frac{1.854 \times 200}{(55,5^2)} = 0.12037 \mu\text{m} \times 10^3$$

$$VHN = 120,37 \text{ kg/mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kekerasan rata - rata} = \frac{120,37 + 132 + 134,53}{3}$$

$$VHN = 128,96 \text{ VHN}$$

Perhitungan nilai kekerasan rata-rata (VHN) ketebalan lapisan oksida setelah proses *anodizing* pada kuat arus 3 Ampere. (Tabel 4.2)

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf}$

$$d \text{ rata-rata} = \frac{68,5+68}{2} = 68 \text{ mm}$$

Penyelesaian : $VHN = \frac{1.854 \times P}{(d)^2}$

$$VHN = \frac{1.854 \times 200}{(68^2)} = 0.08019. \mu\text{m} \times 10^3$$

$$VHN = 80,19 \text{ kg/mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kekerasan rata - rata} = \frac{80,19 + 87,73 + 80,19}{3}$$

$$VHN = 82,70 \text{ VHN}$$

Perhitungan nilai kekerasan rata-rata (VHN) ketebalan lapisan oksida setelah proses *sealing* pada kuat arus 3 Ampere. (Tabel 4.2)

Diketahui : $P = 200 \text{ gf}$

$$d \text{ rata-rata} = \frac{59+50}{2} = 54,5 \text{ mm}$$

Penyelesaian : $VHN = \frac{1.854 \times P}{(d)^2}$

$$VHN = \frac{1.854 \times 200}{(54,5^2)} = 0.12483 \mu\text{m} \times 10^3$$

$$VHN = 124,83 \text{ kg/mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kekerasan rata - rata} = \frac{124,83 + 142,56 + 99,65}{3}$$

$$VHN = 122,34 \text{ VHN}$$