

## **CHAPTER THREE**

### **RESEARCH METHOD**

#### **A. Types of Research**

Based on the issues that are investigated by researcher, the researcher will use normative legal research. A normative legal research is a research through the library. It is related to the principles, norms, rules from legislation, verdicts, treaties, doctrines, books and newspaper. The library research will collect data on how the law provides legal protection for doctors based on the MPA 2004 (*Undang-Undang No.29 Tahun 2004 tentang Praktik Kedokteran*). The study will also use cases and statutes approach.

#### **B. Type of Data**

In this undergraduate thesis, the researcher will use secondary data. Secondary data is data collected from existing literature material. Such as the Constitution, Acts, regulations, books, newspapers, journals and periodicals, etc. related to the case in the research . Secondary data consist of primary legal material, secondary legal material and tertiary legal material.

1. Primary legal material

The Primary legal material will be collected through the Acts, court decisions, legislations and International Convention.

2. Secondary legal material

Secondary sources will be collected from the draft Act, research reports, newspapers, books, journals, internet, and other previous studies associated with this research.

3. Tertiary legal material

Tertiary source will be collected from dictionaries and encyclopedias.

**C. Data Collection**

The data will be collected through library research and interview of expert. Normative research is conducted by collecting data of the Act, court rulings, regulations, international conventions, the draft Act, research reports, newspapers, books, journals, internet, and previous research related to the case in research, dictionaries and encyclopedias.

Interviews will be conducted by interviewing experts and scholars who will tell testimony and/or opinions on the cases in this undergraduate thesis. Experts and scholars will give testimony and/or opinions based on their expertise. Testimony and/or opinions of experts and scholars will help researcher to find and conclude the case in this undergraduate thesis.

**D. Data Analysis**

This research used descriptive qualitative analysis. The data is processed and analyzed qualitatively, analyzing the data based on its quality and will be described and arranged so as to produce a clear and systematic data. The researcher gives a description on this controversial topic, on legal protection for doctors based on the MPA 2004. The researcher also makes a conclusion and proposes some suggestions based on the data.